MOPAR Original parts always fit better
ARDITI X LIMITED
TEL AVIV • JERUSALEM • HAIFA

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1953

THE JERUSALEM POST

PRICE: 90 PRUTA
VOL. XXIX, No. 7711

FLY to Elath ARKIA

Column One
BY
David Courtney

THE Italians have been aroused. When the Yugoslavs were aroused because the Italians were to be appeased, Mr. Eden said in the House of Commons that no one had expected the Yugoslavs to respond as violently as they had to the three-Power proposal to hand over effective control of Zone "A" to the Italians. It is odd that no one in London or Paris or Washington expected it; and odder still that the three Powers should have backed away from their proposals — not backed out of them —, because of it. Now that the Italians response to delay and quibble has become almost as violent as the Yugoslav response to the earlier, clear-cut decision, will one of the Western Powers rise up and say that that, too, had not been expected? The Italians, for all their rioting, are less of an anxiety than the Yugoslavs because where Marshal Tito has a powerful army in a strategic position, all Signor Pella has to threaten the western Powers with is Signor Nenni; and no one really takes that threat seriously.

●

AT the same time, present appeasement of Marshal Tito might well have serious consequences for the West; or at any rate for the western democratic system, which it has been no easy task to re-build after the damage it suffered from Fascism, National Socialism, war and the disillusionment of the peace. It is not so much Signor Nenni and his plans for a Popular Front that are the danger in Italy; but the M.S.I. neo-Fascists and their allies, who, if a minority today, might easily rise to a majority on the bloody wreckage of barricades and in the atmosphere of passionate irredentism. From all accounts, the latest Trieste and Italian demonstrations were organised mainly by the M.S.I. and its Right-wing friends; but it was not long before the other parties joined in, including the Christian Democrat workers and youth movements as well as organized groups of the Liberals and Monarchists. Signor Nenni's Socialists and Signor Togliatti's Communists were there, too, of course; but well at the tail.

●

THE immediate cause of the latest rioting in Trieste and throughout Italy was the "excessive" zeal of the Trieste police, who are under British command, during the demonstrations on November 3, the anniversary of the landing of Italian troops at Trieste in 1918, and on following days. Police are always "excessive" on occasions of this kind, and are encouraged to be so by the odd demonstrator here and there who flings a grenade. And such "excess" usually is what the extremist political groups have been waiting for. They were waiting for it this time and made such good use of it that everyone from Signor Pella up and down had to join the clamour or risk the loss of Parliamentary and electoral prestige. In any case, the situation has been sadly worsened just as M. Bidault was testing his fragile Bailey bridge across the gap between Rome and Belgrade in preparation for the five-Power conference intended to settle the Trieste matter once and for all.

●

ROME, perhaps logically, sees no point in calling the conference until at least a basis of agreement has been reached "not only with the allies but also with Belgrade"; and Belgrade, if it contemplates concessions of any kind is unlikely to make these known until after the Yugoslav elections have been held. What is necessary now is the restoration of calm; for events like those of the last week can only serve to drive the prospect of an ultimate settlement farther and farther away whilst at the same time creating in Italy a political confusion, which, even if it should not lead to the triumph of extremism, would make it almost impossible for any government to act with decision. Giving an Italianate twist to American slang, a Rome newspaper wrote: "The West sold us down the Adriatic once before and is ready to sell us down the Adriatic again." It is, of course, an over-simplification. The West clearly is in a muddle and someone will have to pay to get it out. How it got into the muddle is hard to tell. How to prevent the muddle getting steadily worse is hard to know: not, it would seem, by the shock treatment of sudden decisions taken in London or Washington. In the long run, Rome and Belgrade will have to work out the answer for themselves.

Jerusalem, November 9.

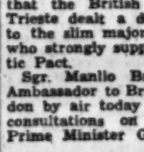
Pella Demands Probe Into Trieste Shooting

ROME, Sunday — Premier Giuseppe Pella appealing to Trieste and Italy for calm tonight, demanded an inquiry into the police shooting in the disputed city and punishment for those responsible for the killing of six demonstrators.

"Never before in a democratic country have police opened fire without provocation," he said in a broadcast.

He condemned the British commanded Trieste police for firing on "unarmed schoolboys" and said all Italians had joined in spirit the immense funeral cortege which followed the bodies of the victims today.

The Premier said attempts had been made to spread a version of what happened in Trieste last Thursday and Friday which was "in absolute contrast with documented fact," and that "the origin of what happened on those two tragic days lies in the lack of understanding of those who, invested on the spot with most delicate responsibilities, were not aware that this phase of transition demanded very different methods and behaviour."


Sgr. Pella

All Avoidable

Sgr. Pella strongly protested against General Winterton's confiscation of the Italian flag which the Mayor of Trieste unfurled from the city hall on the day before the rioting began. He added that "everything that happened in Trieste on November 5 and 6 could have been avoided."

Earlier today Sgr. Pella and his Ministers attended a commemoration service for the six Italians shot dead in Trieste. Flags flew at half mast all over the country.

Official guests packed the big Basilica of St. Mary of the Angels and 3,000 people stood outside.

In Milan today a group of students, angered by the sight of a red flag, stormed the press building housing the Communist newspaper "l'Unita" as well as the offices of the U.P., the Italian ANSE news agency and a number of other Italian newspaper offices.

The students smashed plate-glass windows, overturned desks in the lobby of the building, roughed up doorkeepers and burned stacks of mail and newspapers addressed to the UP and other agencies which they found there.

Dismissal Demanded

Italian newspapers in Rome today angrily maintained their demand for the immediate removal of General Sir John Winterton, British Commander of Trieste.

All newspapers bitterly attacked Mr. Eden for telling Sgr. Brossi yesterday that the British Government fully supports Gen. Winterton in the measures he took against the Trieste demonstrators. Many papers declared that the British attitude over Trieste dealt a dangerous blow to the slim majority of Italians who strongly support the Atlantic Pact.

Sgr. Manlio Brossio, Italian Ambassador to Britain, left London by air today for Rome for consultations on Trieste with Prime Minister Giuseppe Pella.

(Reuter, UP)

Staff Officers Take Over Korea Talks

PANMUNJOM, Sunday (UP). — United Nations and Communist Staff officers meet behind closed doors here tomorrow in a fresh attempt to arrange a Korean peace conference.

The Staff officers, two from each side, open their lower level talks following the failure of the U.N. special representative, Mr. Arthur Dean, and Communist negotiators to make any progress on the agenda of the talks.

The immediate task facing them is to draw up this agenda for the plenary session. It is believed that the Staff officers will break up into three subcommittees to discuss simultaneously the time, place and composition of the conference. It is hoped by this arrangement to break the deadlock caused by Communist insistence that the preliminary conference first discuss the composition of the Korean peace conference and the U.N. demand that the time and place of the parley by settled before "other matters" are discussed.

Meanwhile, explanations to non-repatriate Chinese prisoners of war did not take place today as prisoners in the compound requested by the Communist "explainers" refused to attend. The Indian Commander said that they are not prepared to use force, "and short of that we cannot get them to come out."

British Vessel Avoids Gunboat Near Shanghai

HONGKONG, Sunday (UP).— The British Navy disclosed that the 336-ton British freighter Rosita was attacked 15 miles south-east of Shanghai this morning by an "unidentified gunboat."

The ship radioed that it was being attacked but it successfully evaded the gunboat and resumed its voyage to Shanghai. There were no casualties.

The attack on the Rosita came only 24 hours after another British freighter, the Hydralock, had been attacked in the Strait of Formosa by unidentified aircraft firing armour piercing shells.

U.S. Navy sources said they believed the Hydralock was the first British freighter attacked from the air.

Burma Doubts Thai Desire To Aid Guerrilla Ouster

RANGOON, Sunday (Reuter).— Burma has expressed doubts as to the genuine desire of the Thailand authorities to cooperate in evacuating the first group of Nationalist Chinese guerrillas from Burma by way of Thailand, which began today.

An official spokesman here said the Thai Government had made various excuses to prevent the Burmese army observation team from checking on the evacuation.

Reports from the Burmese-Thai border, meanwhile, reported the arrival of the first 150 of the 2,000 Nationalist guerrillas to be evacuated. They included two girls, one married to a soldier and several young boys, some of whom appeared to be sons of veteran guerrillas.

Formosan Remnants

Remnants of Nationalist units which fled from South China before the advance of the Communists, the guerrillas have been operating in Burma since 1949. Their total number is estimated at 12,000.

Their presence in Burma was condemned by the U.N. General Assembly last April. After months of negotiations, General Chiang Kai-shek's Government agreed to the evacuation of 2,000 of them by air to Formosa. A cease-fire has been arranged until November 15 while they are taken there. The U.S., Thai and Formosan officers are supervizing the evacuation.

Greece Not to Cut Armed Forces

SALONIKA, Sunday (Reuter).— Minister of Defence Kanellopoulos said here today the Greek Government did not intend to reduce the armed forces but would increase them as the country's rehabilitation progressed.

Mr. Kanellopoulos told a meeting of war veterans, "If Russia would prove with facts is peaceful intentions there would not be any reason for the existence of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, the Balkan tripartite pact and the Greece-American agreement on navy and air bases.

Tel Aviv's New
100-ROOM
KASTEL HOTEL
100 Rehov Ibn Gabirol,
Tel. 81181-2
Special arrangements for longer stay.

Through the expansion of our CHILDREN'S SHOES Department, you are now assured of a wider choice of shoes for your child at
Dan Gabriely

Jordan Attacks Increase Since Mid-October

Since the meeting of the Foreign Ministers of the Western Powers on October 17, at which it was decided to bring up before the Security Council the question of the tension along the Israel-Arab borders, attacks by Jordan against Israel have increased in violence, the Army spokesman announced yesterday. These include both attacks by regular Jordan forces and armed marauders.

During this period the following attacks were perpetrated:

1) On October 16, in the area of Simha, near Petah Tikva, a group of armed infiltrators attacked a police patrol. One of the infiltrators was killed in the exchange of shots which followed and the others were pursued until the border. A sten-gun was found on the body of the dead man.

2) An attempt by infiltrators to penetrate the village of Ramat Hakovesh on October 19 was foiled. One of the infiltrators was killed when a hand grenade in his pocket exploded.

3) On October 20, regular Jordan troops fired at an Israel train near Beit Safafa, south of Jerusalem.

4) On October 21, fire was opened on an Israel patrol which was moving near Bir Karish, south of Mt. Hebron, by armed Jordanians who had trespassed illegally on Israel territory.

5) On October 22, Jordanian saboteurs planted a bomb on the railroad track north of Eyal, resulting in the derailment of the locomotive and 13 cars. The bomb had been meant for a fuel train which ordinarily passed at that hour. The Israel-Jordan Mixed Armistice Commission censured Jordan for the incident.

6) On October 24, a police post in the area of Kakun was fired upon from across the border.

7) On October 24, soldiers of the Legion threatened to open fire on an Israel commander who was walking near the armistice lines, in the area of Eyal.

8) On October 29, an Israel officer, on his way to a meeting of Israel-Jordan local commanders which had been decided upon the day before and which was to take place on the Armistice lines near Kfar Budrus, was fired upon by Legion soldiers from across the border.

9) On October 30, armed Jordanians penetrated into Kibbutz Neve Ilan, opened fire on

(Continued on Page 3, — Col. 4)

Anglo-U.S. Views Differ On Palestine Resolution

LONDON, Sunday (INA). — The present intention of the Western powers is to wait until Israel and the Arab states have been heard before submitting their resolution to the Security Council, the "Observer" said today in a dispatch from its U.N. correspondent in New York.

The correspondent added the British feel that if their resolution does not contain a rebuke to Israel for the Kibya attack the Western Powers "will have no further influence in Palestine." The Americans hold that a resolution containing a reprimand should also include a recommendation for direct negotiations — which the British do not think will do any good.

KIBYA DISTRICT OFFICER DISMISSED

Suleiman el Kudah, the district officer of Ramallah, in which the village of Kibya is located, has been dismissed, "Falastin," Old City daily reports. The action follows the recommendation of a special inquiry committee.

Four other senior Jordan officials have received sharp reprimands, the paper adds.

Pijade Says Italy Trying To Blackmail West

BELGRADE, Sunday (Reuter). — Yugoslav Vice-President, Mr. Moshe Pijade, today accused Italy of deliberately organizing riots to blackmail the Western powers into implementing immediately their decision of October 8 to hand over Trieste.

Mr. Pijade said in his speech that the rulers of Italy "think now that they are members of NATO they can use it for their imperialist aggressive plans."

We will know what to do if we see that our interests are jeopardized," he warned, and added that Yugoslavia had shown that the future of a people should not be shaped by others without their own participation

Foreign Fertilizer Cheaper Than Local

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

A further 2,000 tons of superphosphates have been purchased in France, bringing total imports of phosphate fertilizers for the next agricultural season to 5,000 tons, equivalent to 15,000 tons of locally produced phosphates.

Hopes cherished until recently that the country would be able to manage without imported phosphates this winter did not materialize because of the lagging output of the Haifa factory of Fertilisers and Chemicals Ltd. Local production of phosphate fertilisers was 24,437 tons in 1952, and 10,723 tons in the first half of 1953. A target of 30,000 tons was set for the year 1952-53, but it is fairly certain that output will fall far short of this mark.

The 3,000 tons of Tunisian super-phosphates cost $62 a ton, but the new purchase costs only $54 a ton. To bring selling prices of imported fertilisers into line with that of local production, a substantial equalisation charge has been put on the imports. Fertilizers and Chemicals product costs IL.40 per ton at the factory and this price includes a Government subsidy of IL.10 per ton. The French product sells at IL.125 per ton at Haifa port.

Reparations Fund May Compensate Refugees

NEW YORK, Sunday. — Israel Ambassador Abba Eban told a press conference today that he is confident Israel and the Arab states could settle their differences if they sit down together at a conference table.

Mr. Eban said also that Israel is studying the possibility of using the money from the German reparations fund to compensate Arab refugees who have been displaced from their land in Israel.

The Israel Ambassador said, however, that his country is prepared to wait 10 years or longer for the Arabs to accept the "revolution" which created Israel in their midst. "It took the U.S. the best part of a century to achieve internal peace and harmonious relations with its neighbours," he said. "If it takes us one decade I don't think it would be too slow. We hope it will be sooner, but we are willing to wait." *(AP, UP)*

Egyptians Kidnap, Murder Soldier

An Israel soldier was captured and killed by Egyptian soldiers on Saturday, the Army spokesman announced yesterday.

At 4.30 p.m., a three-man Israel patrol moving along the armistice lines saw three Egyptian soldiers in the neighbourhood of the stream of Ox. The three Egyptians crossed the lines and asked the Israel soldiers for cigarettes.

During the parley another Egyptian group appeared, took up positions and opened fire on the Israel patrol.

One of the Israelis was wounded and the Egyptians seized him with his weapons. Another Israel soldier was also wounded but succeeded in escaping. His weapons, too, were seized.

Patrols Clash

After about an hour, another Israel patrol came to investigate. It came across Egyptian half-tracks and a larger Egyptian force which had taken positions in the area. The Egyptian force opened fire on the Israel patrol which returned the fire.

No Israel casualties resulted.

Israel has submitted a complaint to the Israel-Egyptian Mixed Armistice Commission and demanded an emergency session. U.N. Observers have left for the area to investigate.

Later in the afternoon the Egyptians returned the body of the Israel soldier. It was riddled with bullets fired at one-metre range and was cut in the back and the stomach.

NEARS reports that Egypt has also lodged a sharp complaint with the MAC against Israel.

Infiltrator Killed At Beit Govrin

An Arab infiltrator was killed in an exchange of fire between a band of infiltrators and watchmen of Beit Govrin, in the Judean hills, ITIM reports. Two other infiltrators escaped to the border.

Near the body of the dead man were found clothes and other articles which had been stolen from the home of one of the villagers.

Foreign Policy, Schools Discussed by Cabinet

At its weekly meeting yesterday, the Cabinet discussed matters of foreign policy and the school situation.

A second session in the afternoon was devoted to questions of security and the Army. At this session the Chief of Staff also participated.

State Department's Pressure On Israel Backfires in Middle East

By JESSE ZEL LURIE
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

NEW YORK, Sunday. — The State Department's attempt to bring political pressure on Israel by withholding economic aid, which was thought would assist Mr. Dulles' policy of making friends among the Arabs, has backfired and caused increased anti-American sentiment in the Middle East.

The Arabs who were always reluctant to accept Point Four aid feared the same tactic would be used against them. Jordan saw its $500,000 investment in the preparatory work for the Yarmuk dam washed down the river unless it agreed to the full J.V.A. plan which would alter the dam for diverting water into Lake Kinneret.

Secondly, the resumption of aid to Israel after the stoppage of the hydroelectric project was an excuse for Yussef Hanna and his circulation-hunting colleagues in the Old City to carry on the most virulent anti-American campaign in the history of the Jordan press.

To counteract this campaign Mr. Andrew Lynch, U.S. Charge d'Affaires in Amman, told the Amman press that the U.S. would not withhold economic aid as a lever to force acceptance of the J.V.A. plan. (Briefly reported yesterday). But in replying to questions he refused to give a definite assurance that the U.S. would continue to support the Yarmuk project if the overall plan were rejected.

He hinted that the Arabs could not expect substantial allocations from the Middle East economic fund if they refused to cooperate in what the U.S. considers sound projects.

An inquiry at the State Department reveals that the Middle East policy-makers are thinking this way:

This is the first time they have made an allocation of economic aid for the entire region. Previous allocations for Arabs came under the Point Four heading. They are holding the bulk of the year's funds for the acceptance of any project, preferably a regional one, which will help resettle a substantial number of refugees.

They will give priority to refugee resettlement not only because the refugee problem is the biggest unsolved problem between the Arabs and Israel, but more important in the larger objectives of American foreign policy they believe the camps are responsible for an alarming growth of Communism in the Arab states.

Though the first allocation to Israel has been made from the Middle East fund no allocations were made to any Arab country and a substantial one is not likely until the fate of the J.V.A. project is determined.

(Leader — Page 4)

The Jerusalem Shoe Corporation Ltd.

In our "Open Letter to the Public" published in yesterday's issue the paragraph headed

"COUNTERPART FUND"

should read:

We paid over IL.600,000 to the "Equalisation Tax on Materials" ("Mitas Yeter"). We call on the Ministry to state publicly how much all the hundreds of "shoe factories" have paid altogether.

Pleven Leaves Party for Asking Vietminh Talks

NANTES, Sunday (UP). — Defence Minister and former Premier Rene Pleven tonight resigned from the chairmanship of the Union of the Republican and Social Resistance Party (UDSR) to protest its call for truce talks with the Vietminh in Indo-China.

Overruling M. Pleven, the Party convention rallied behind his main rival inside the left-of-centre party, M. Francois Mitterand, and passed a motion denouncing continuation of the Indo-China war as "harmful to France's position in the world."

M. Pleven tendered his resignation as President of the small but key party he founded seven years ago because he said he could no longer both remain in Premier Joseph Laniel's Cabinet and head a party with conflicting views on Indo-China. The Government's official stand is that the problem should be settled in a world parley but it opposes direct negotiations with the Vietminh.

M. Pleven

Against Top Talks

The UDSR motion said that such a high-level world parley on Asiatic problems "appears unlikely" and "anyhow it would reveal too much ambition, running counter to the safeguard of legitimate French interests." The motion "invited" the Government to open talks with the Vietminh since continuation of the war helped to weaken France in Europe.

M. Pleven's resignation climaxed a long struggle for UDSR leadership between the Defence Minister and M. Mitterand, who resigned last summer from M. Laniel's Cabinet in opposition to its "tough" North African policy. He is pressing the party to make it a rule that a minister disagreeing with the Cabinet majority resign to avoid violation of UDSR stand.

Vietminh Kill Two French Officers

SAIGON, Sunday (Reuter). — Vietminh guerrillas killed the French Lieutenant-Colonel commanding the Baria-Cap St. Jaques area, 65 kms. south-east of Saigon, on November 5, it was authoritatively learned here today.

The Colonel was driving on an inspection tour along the road between Saigon and the famous seaside resort of Cap St. Jaques when his jeep fell into a Vietminh ambush on a thickly-wooded part of the road near Bakih. A mortar shell splinter fatally wounded him.

The murder of the French administrator of the Hocmon area, 15 kms. north-west of Saigon, by Vietminh guerrillas was authoritatively reported in Saigon yesterday.

Little 'Big Five' Party In Moscow Shuns Politics

MOSCOW, Sunday (Reuter). — A little "Big 5" party with chicken, vodka and no politics took place in a former nobleman's palace in Moscow last night. Guests of Foreign Minister Vyacheslav Molotov were the British, American, French and Chinese Ambassadors.

For more than two hours they forgot East-West differences to toast "peace and understanding" at a gathering to celebrate the 36th anniversary of the October Revolution. Veteran members of the diplomatic service described the party as "the most cordial since the cold war began."

Sir William Hayter of Britain, U.S. Ambassador Charles Bohlen and their wives, and French Ambassador Louis Joxe joked and talked freely with high Soviet officials.

U.S. Grant Agreement To be Concluded Soon

Within a few days, it is expected that an exchange of letters between the Foreign Minister, Mr. Moshe Sharett, and the American Charge-d'Affaires, Mr. Francis Russell, will seal the agreement on the $26,250,000 American Grant-in-Aid, a Foreign Ministry spokesman said in Jerusalem last night.

Last week, Mr. Harold Stassen, Director of the American Foreign Operations Administration, officially informed the Israel Ambassador in Washington of the availability of these funds.

Details of the first sum to be released are not yet known, the spokesman said.

AFTER MIDNIGHT

The Egyptian Revolutionary Command Council last night ordered the confiscation of all the property in Egypt of the former royal family.

Mossadegh Claims He Is Still Legal Premier

TEHERAN, Sunday (UP).—A weeping, fist-thumping Mohammed Mossadegh cried today that he is still Premier of Iran and shouted denials that he is mad as he went on trial for "attempting to overthrow the constitutional monarch and inciting the people to armed insurrection against the Crown."

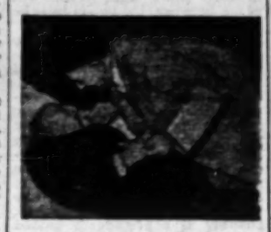
The trial opened in the Hall of Mirrors at Saltanatabad Barracks as tanks guarded the entrance to the court and the route from Teheran, six miles away.

"Mossadegh, real and legal Premier of Iran, a Moslem of the Shia rect," he proclaimed in answer to a request for his name.

"I definitely and categorically state that I protest against the jurisdiction of the court," he said when Court President Nasrollah Moghbeli stopped him from reciting his past history and told him to confine his remarks to contesting the Court's jurisdiction.

He claimed he was "dying of cold" in the courtroom.

On trial with Mossadegh was 48-year-old Brigadier Takki Riahi, who was his Chief of the Army General Staff. Riahi, smiling at times, entered the court before Mossadegh.


Dr. Mohammed Mossadegh received former Egyptian Premier Mustafa Nahas last year while bed-ridden. Nahas is under house arrest awaiting trial on a charge of plotting to undermine the Egyptian revolution.

Leans on Cane

The 72-year-old Mossadegh wore a brown, pin-stripped suit under a greyish brown overcoat as he walked slowly into the Hall of Mirrors, leaning heavily on a cane.

As the 170 spectators watched in silence, he admonished the photographers: "Take good pictures of me."

Mossadegh's main defence was a bitter attack against Military Prosecutor Brigadier Hussein Azemoudeh. At times weeping and thumping his fists on the desk, he shouted: "I protest first against incompetence of the Prosecutor, who is illiterate."

He constantly found alleged faults in Azemoudeh's speech and grammar and when warned by the Judge that he was straying from the case, he cried: "You wish to condemn me to death and don't give me a chance to defend myself."

"We are not executioners," the Judge replied.

"I passed a law that no illiterate could act as prosecutor," Mossadegh protested.

He claimed that Azemoudeh was incompetent and illiterate and was appearing in court illegally since he was Judge Advocate-General. Mossadegh said Azemoudeh had no right to prosecute the case personally but should have sent a deputy.

Challenges Jurisdiction

Mossadegh's challenge of the court's jurisdiction to try him is expected to start a legal argument which will last several days.

Weeping loudly, Mossadegh declared that the court should not help "our rival" —, his favourite phrase for the British — by convicting him. Saying that the "rival" had been defeated everywhere — in the U.N. Security Council and in the International Court — the former Premier said that the court should not give the rest of the world an opportunity to say that four Persian officers (a reference to the judges) had defeated the rival of Britain.

Clapping broke out as the chairman of the court interrupted Mossadegh: "None of us is working for the purposes of foreigners. Every individual Persian is no less patriotic than you. You should avoid insulting the officers of the court."

Egypt Plans Large Oil Refinery

CAIRO, Sunday (Reuter). — The Egyptian government plans to establish an oil refinery near here linked to the Suez by a 140-km. heavy oil pipeline, estimated to cost EL.3m., according to Dr. El Barawi, of the Industrial Credit Bank.

El Barawi, who is also a member of the National Production Council, said the construction of the pipeline, which would be state-owned, was part of a five-year plan.

A second pipeline of 220 kms. would also be built, linking Cairo and Alexandria, he added.

The refinery would take two to three years to complete and its annual output would be about one million tons. International tenders would be invited for the work.

He said Egyptian industry depended almost entirely on oil, and to develop natural resources it was necessary to produce more fuel and transport it to inland areas at low prices.

Property for Medicine

Meanwhile, it was announced here that property and funds confiscated from Egyptian traitors tried by the Revolution Tribunal are to be used to establish mobile medical units to treat tubercular patients in their homes. It is estimated that about EL.33,000 will be confiscated from Colonel Abdul Ghafar Osman, sentenced by the tribunal yesterday to 15 years' imprisonment, and his two wives — one of them English. Osman was found guilty of purchasing defective hand-grenades for use by Egyptian forces during the Palestine war.

Egyptian belly-dancer and film actress Tahia Carioca, arrested two days ago and accused of possessing literature of "destructive principles," was released today. Her husband, Captain Ahmed Kamal Sidky, arrested with her was also released. A police official said the accusation was unfounded.

Arab Soldier Kills 2 British Officers

LONDON, Sunday (AP). — An Arab soldier serving with British-run trucial Oman levies (troops) on the Arabian peninsula seized a gun and killed two British officers, the War Office announced tonight.

The Arab non-commissioned officer killed Major H.O. Twaites of the 9th Lancers and an R.A.F. doctor (name not announced) before being slain himself, the announcement said. The Arab also seriously wounded Sergeant Chink of the Royal Engineers in the incident which the War Office said occurred recently.

The War Office said the man was resisting arrest on a disciplinary charge when the shooting occurred on the Trucial coast of the Persian gulf. The area consists of a number of sheikhdoms under British protection.

6 Dead as Moroccans Blast Passenger Train

RABAT, Sunday (Reuter). — Six people were killed and six others seriously injured when three bombs exploded in the Casablanca-Algiers express a few minutes after it left here last night.

The explosions occurred in the toilets of the train's two leading coaches. Nobody was hurt by the first explosion, but as soon as passengers pulled the communications cord to bring the train to a halt two more explosions followed in swift succession.

Hotel Price Control To End This Week

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Price control on hotel charges will end officially this week, and hotel prices will rise by an average of 12%, representatives of the Hoteliers Association told the press here today.

With the opening of the new hotels — Dan, Kastel, Or-Gil and Nordau-Plaza—the number of beds in first class hotels will rise to 6,000. This will enable Israel to cater even to the most fastidious tourists, it was reported.

About $7m. and IL.3m. have been invested in hotels in the last two years.

Since the new rate of exchange came into force, Israel has become one of the cheapest countries in the world for middle class tourists.

UNION BANK OF ISRAEL LTD
בנק אגוד לישראל בע"מ
OWN FUNDS (CONSOLIDATED) IL. 1,200,000
ASSETS (CONSOLIDATED) IL. 23,200,000
TEL AVIV · JERUSALEM · HAIFA · NATANYA

ARARAT
INSURANCE CO. LTD.
is prepared to deal with any of your unusual
INSURANCE PROBLEMS
ARARAT HOUSE, Tel. 3322, 32 Rehov Yavneh, Tel Aviv.
Haifa: 34 Harbour St., Tel. 1978

Social & Personal

The Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, yesterday received Mr. Isaac Wolfson.

•

A group of Swiss journalists, guests of the Government, were entertained by the Histadrut Executive yesterday. Last night, Mr. Sam Watson, of the British Labour Party Executive, and Mrs. Watson were entertained to dinner by Mr. M. Namir, Secretary General of the Histadrut.

•

Professor Niels Bohr of the University of Copenhagen, Nobel Prize Winner in Physics, was the guest of honour at a luncheon given by the Hebrew University on Saturday at Hesse's Restaurant in Jerusalem.

•

Mr. L. Rosenberg, of the U.S., who is to serve for one year on the Prime Minister's Economic Advisory Board, arrived yesterday by LAI.

•

Miss Ethel M. Dawe, of Adelaide, Vice-Chairman of the Baha'i National Spiritual Assembly in Australia and New Zealand, and an officer of the Australian Broadcasting Service, has arrived in Haifa for a brief visit.

BIRTHS

HEILBRONNER-HAVRON — to Rina, née Nishri, and Avraham Havron, at Kibbutz Beeri, on November 5, 1953 — a son.

SCHWARTZ — To Tita (née David) wife of Hugo Schwartz, on November 5, at the Assuta Hospital, Tel Aviv,—a daughter.

PROFESSORSHIPS AT TECHNION

The appointments of Dr. Joseph Braverman as Professor in Food Technology and of Dr. Alfred Mansfeld as Associate Professor in Architecture have been confirmed by the Council of the Israel Institute of Technology.

Dr. Braverman has for the past two years been Scientific Attache at the Israel Embassy in London, and has just returned to Israel. He is considered an outstanding authority on citrus technology and was for many years scientific editor of the citrus monthly, "Hadar." He was in charge of research in the central laboratory for citrus products at Rehovot, has previously taught at the Technion and in 1950 was a research fellow in Food Technology at the University of California. He received his D.Sc. degree from the Sorbonne.

Professor Mansfeld received his diploma in architecture in Paris in 1938. He has had extensive experience in the field of architecture and planning and has served the Government in a planning capacity. He has been a member of the teaching staff at the Technion since 1949 and until his appointment was a Senior Lecturer there.

Opera Claimant To Seek Settlement

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Hearings in Miss Edis de Philippe's IL.80,000 defamation suit against Dr. Peter Gradenwitz, the music critic, ended today when both sides stated their willingness to come to a settlement.

Judge Ze'ev Zeltner will deliver the terms of this agreement in a few days' time.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Mayer, near Egged, 4192. Beit Israel, Beit Israel Qr., 3251.
TEL AVIV: Altman, 1 King George, 3791. Kitvitz, 22 Bayerkon, 2366. Walkowski, 96 Herzl, 8187. Nordau, 182 Ben Yehuda, 25873. Ziva, Hatikva Qr., 67408.
Jaffa: Trufa, 103 Rehov 4, 80321.
Bnei Brak: Elkasandri. Ramat Gan: Amit, 130 Hamodiin. Givatayim: Nega, opposite Fire Brigade Kiryat Bialik: Bialik, 7230.
EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS
TEL AVIV: Dr. M. Shaham, 1 Syrkin, 25842. Dr. N. L. Sacher, 146 Disengoff, 26369. Dr. I. Griffel, 5 Ben Yehuda, 66496.

YESTERDAY'S PRESS

Histadrut Backs Bank For Arab Workers

Commenting on the establishment of a Histadrut-sponsored bank for Arab workers, "Davar" (Histadrut) says that this is the first enterprise of its kind in Israel, undertaken mainly to help the integration of the Israel Arab into the wider economy. The paper calls it a logical sequel to the decision to admit Arab workers into the Histadrut, which will continue in spite of all political difficulties and complications.

"Al Hamishmar" (Mapam) also welcomes the new venture which will fulfil roughly the same function as did the Bank "Hapoalim." The paper regrets that this decision has been delayed, though it should now be clear that only by strengthening collaboration between Jews and Arabs will peace between the two peoples be made possible. "Al Hamishmar" also asks that the decisions to give Arab workers full representation in Histadrut bodies should be implemented.

"Ha'aretz" (Independent) welcomes the recent *rapprochement* between the General Zionists and the Progressives, maintaining that there are no basic differences of opinion between the two parties. A common political front in the Government and in the Knesset should be established, possibly as a prelude to unified action in the next elections.

"Herut" complains that too great a part of Israel politics both domestic and foreign are "personal." The paper draws attention to the "personal letter" of Mr. Sharett to General Bennike; instead, publicity should have been given throughout the world to the recent Arab attacks.

Protest Welcomed

"Hamodia" (Agudat Yisrael) welcomes Mr. Sharett's protest and attacks the British Foreign Secretary ("the founder of the Arab League") who has now taken the lead in inciting opinion against Israel. The paper calls the line taken by him an obvious manoeuvre to reach agreement with Egypt at Israel's expense. The paper sharply attacks the Archbishop of York, saying that his lying insinuations are very similar to the Nazi propaganda of World War II.

"Haboker's" (General Zionist) London correspondent reports that the Israel journalists (invited by the British Government) have received anonymous letters which state that the British people identify themselves with Dr. Garbett's words and that the Israel journalists should not have come. Editorially "Haboker" warns against disregarding the advice of economic experts: *halutsiut* is neither an equivalent to, nor can it replace economic advice.

"Zmanim" (Progressive) comments on the new draft bill to regulate the status of the Knesset. The paper welcomes the legal provisions but says that in the last resort the Knesset will be judged by its efficiency.

"Kol Ha'am" (Communist) asserts that the enemies of peace, progress, democracy and freedom who triumphed several months ago when it appeared that "Kol Ha'am" would have to close down, have now suffered a heavy defeat. One thousand and six hundred new subscribers and IL.67,000 are a guarantee for the future publication of the one and only patriotic and progressive organ of the people in Israel.

"Hatzofe" (World Mizrahi Union) deals with the laying of the cornerstone for the Rav Kook foundation, while "Omer" (Histadrut) points out that the new regulations about kindergartens mainly affect children in the *ma'barot*. If IL.100,000 could be found, this year's problem would be solved.

S.A.S. CHIEF COMES TO CLARIFY ISSUES

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — Mr. Ronald Bugge, an executive of the Scandinavian Airlines System, has arrived to discuss the company's affairs with the Government.

SAS, which is now the only airline connecting this country with the Far East, says that it is anxious to eliminate certain difficulties which it has encountered here, chief of which is the question of blocked accounts. The company is not satisfied with the proportion of its local earnings that it may take out.

A company spokesman told *The Jerusalem Post* that prospects for a satisfactory agreement were good. There was also a possibility of increasing SAS traffic through Lydda Airport.

AT THE CINEMA

OPEN SEPULCHRE BEGINS TWO FILMS

BY an odd coincidence there are many parallels between 'Vendetta' (Hazamir) and 'The Lovers of Toledo' (Edison, J'lem). Both are versions of famous stories; the former is based on Prosper Merimee's 'Colombia,' the latter on Stendhal's 'Le Coffre et le Revenant'. Each of the two films begins with a sequence showing an open sepulchre. 'Vendetta,' starring newcomer Faith Doumergue, has the strangest score we remember having heard in any film made up exclusively of two famous arias by Puccini, repeated many times, 'E lucevan le stelle' from Tosca and Musetta's waltz from 'La Boheme.'

Of the two films, 'The Lovers of Toledo' seemed decidedly the more attractive. The heroine, engaged to the rebel Fernandes (Gerard Landry) is brutally forced to marry the chief of police and to wait in an adjoining room while her lover is tortured. The affinity to Tosca does not end there but in the death of this strange triangle. This highly romantic film has atmosphere, tension and suspense. The best performance comes from demonic Pedro Armendariz, the chief of police.

FRANGO

Dance Festival on Screen

FOR once a Russian production appears by far the most interesting offering among the three new films in Tel Aviv. "Song of Youth" (at the Eden), a colourful documentary of a Russian-sponsored Song and Dance Festival in Eastern Berlin, probably represents the richest object lesson students of musical folklore can find these days. The title of the film is misleading as the accen. of the 20 or so items is not on songs but on dance, revealing folk and cult dances of groups and soloists of antipodal variety. An Irish dance, for instance, is followed by a truly fascinating sword dance for women from Korea; Swiss yodlers (the weakest number) are juxtaposed with a Chinese group, and a Finnish fishermen's dance (the most amusing item) is contrasted with a group of Brazilian Indians playing on antique instruments. The film represents a rich source of information and entertainment.

Seventh Avenue Jargon

"I CAN Get It For You Wholesale" (Migdalor) is a simple comedy describing the atmosphere and jargon of New York's Seventh Avenue, the centre of America's clothing industry, starring Susan Hayward, while in "I Tre Corsari," the Italian pirate story of the three Ventimiglia brothers (at the Esther) Mari Soldati turns out to be much less talented as a film director than as a writer, since his "Green Jacket" appears to me the best short story written in post-war Italy.

Mo.

Gov't Denounces Pressure By Housing Scheme Critics

The Ministry of Labour has condemned alleged attempts made by several housing committees of the Popular Housing Scheme (Shikun Amami) to bring pressure on the Ministry by advertising various complaints in open letters to newspapers, to lower the price of the Popular Housing. The Ministry claims that the complaints are "manufactured" by certain contractors and other groups interested in discrediting the scheme.

In reply to an open letter from a committee in the Tel Aviv area claiming that the scheme's contractors received an exaggerated fee for their work, the Ministry said, that the sum paid by each purchaser for all services performed amounted to only three per cent of the total fee. In reply to complaints of "*protektzia*" in the distribution of flats without the promised lottery, the Ministry referred to the original promise of preference to be given to invalids, Haganah veterans, teachers and other groups that wished to concentrate in neighbourhoods.

Due to the low cost of land used in Popular Housing projects, the committees objected to the price of IL.5,400-5,900 per flat, and to the fact that public buildings and gardens were to be constructed at their expense. The Ministry, in not accepting the complaint, said that, in the "free market," a comparable flat could not be bought for that money, nor could Municipalities be expected to construct the necessary shops and public amenities from taxation.

The Ministry claimed, further, that as the purchaser of a "Popular" flat need only invest up to IL.2,700 before entering his flat (less than the normal "key money" demanded for a comparable one), and need only pay monthly instalments on the mortgage of IL.20-22, there are no grounds for comparison with private housing enterprises.

Because original instalments on flats were paid a year before the change in the exchange value of the pound, the consequent rise in the costs of material and labour has forced the Government to increase the price — at the same time doing everything possible to spread the increase over instalment payments, the Ministry said.

It stated that the Government would not publish its building costs, as demanded by the committees, "out of consideration for the good of the public."

An application by the Popular Housing Scheme Association in Haifa (First Stage) for intervention in the methods of allocation and transfer of ownership of the houses was recently denied by the High Court on the grounds that the Popular Housing Scheme was based not on law but on an agreement between the Government and the applicants for housing.

The secretariat of Hevrat Haovdim, the Histadrut holding company, recently strongly objected to the demands of tenants under the Popular Housing Scheme whose flats were built by the Shikun Company to register those flats in their own names.

The tenants' demand was recently the subject of an appeal to the High Court against the Shikun Company's instructions to register the flats collectively and not individually; the tenants claim that this restricts their freedom of disposal of the property.

The secretariat stated that the tenants were conducting a "wild" propaganda campaign against the Ministry of Labour and the Shikun Housing Company although they should have known that Shikun was a Histadrut enterprise before they signed contracts with it.

TEL AVIV STOCK MARKET

NOV. 6.

	Rise/Fall
Govt. Loans	
4% 1950 (reg.)	100½ — ½
4% 1955 (reg.)	99½ —
4% 1956 (reg.)	100 —
Pop. Loans	
1949 (E) (IL.10)	9 ¼ —
1950/75 (IL.10)	97 —
3½% War Loan 54/39	85½ +½
4½% Tax-ex. Dollar	127 ✕ —3
3½% Shitrei Erech large	85½ +½
B. Leumi (Ord. sh.	291 —2(e)
A.P.B. Invest.	
4% Debs. 57/70	97½ —
6½% Pref. sh.	101 —a)
Ord. sh. "B"	117 —
Gen. Mortg. Bk.	
6% Deb. 45/62	79 —
6% Pref. sh.	77½ —
Elsur	
4% Debs. 46/59	83 —
6½% 52/56 reg.	79½ —
Nir Ltd.	
6% Debs. 55/69	83 —
5% Pref. sh.	73 —
Pass Debs.	
4% 42/62	80½ —
P.L.D.C.	
Ord. sh.	149½ —
5% Debs.	93½ —
Afr. Pal Inv. Ord. sh.	129½ —
Discount	
6% Debs. 56/69	69½ —
6% Pref. Ord. sh.	91½ —
Pal. Potash 6% Pref. sh.	80½ —
" "A" ord. sh.	165 —1
Pal. Elec. Ord sh. (Iss.)	285½ —4
Mekoroth Pref sh.	69 —c)
Ata 4% "C" Pref. sh.	109 —
Ord. "B" sh.	174½ —1½
6-8% Cons. Debs.	117½ —1
"Nordaneh" Ord "B" sh	179½ —2
Assic. Re.: "B" sh	110½ —
"Tuva" Ord. sh.	173 —
Mesher 6% Debs. Ser. A	110½ —
Pal. Cold St. 7% deb.	132½ —1
Ledzia 4½% Pref sh.	77½ —
S.A. Binyan (Ord sh.	88 —
Pal. Centr. Tr. sh.	94½ —
Pal. Beaver Bd.	
Ser. 1	72½ +
Ser. 2	71½ +½
Ser. 3	71 +½

Notes: a) purchasing price; b) selling price; c) ex coupons; d) ex right; x) prutot per one Dollar.

Spain, Arab League Agree on Mutual Aid

By RICHARD MOWRER

MADRID, — The Arab League and Spain have agreed to support one another's claims against Great Britain. The Arab countries will back General Franco on the Gibraltar issue and Spain will stand by Egypt in the Suez Canal Zone dispute.

The agreement was reached during the visit here of the Arab League's Deputy Secretary, Ahmed Shukeiry. It is an important move toward the formation of an East-West axis between the Arab-Asian bloc and Latin America, with Madrid as the connecting link.

The Arabs want to line up support in the U.N. and they believe that Spain, although not a member, carries a lot of weight with the South and Central American countries who are. They look to France to use his good offices toward ensuring Latin American support of the Arab cause. As it is they can count on Argentina, whose claim to the Falkland Islands (held by Britain) they are prepared to back when and if the question comes up before the world body.

The Arab countries have a high regard for General Franco because he has not recognized Israel. They approve his refusal to recognize the new Sultan of Morocco; in Spanish Morocco Friday prayers are still being said in the name of Sidi Mohammed Ben Youssef, the Sultan deposed by France.

Shukeiry did not see Franco who was on a hunting holiday in southern Spain but he saw Foreign Minister Martin Artajo. It is understood that he sounded out the Minister on the possibility of granting Spanish Morocco greater autonomy, but on this point he apparently did not get much in the way of echoes.

Certainly Spain is offended by France's failure to consult her regarding the removal from the throne of the former Sultan who was also nominal ruler of Spanish Morocco. But Franco holds no particular brief for Ben Youssef whom he regards as having associated overmuch with mild nationalists and even Communist-inclined elements. On the Morocco issue Franco is not showing his hand.

Famed Physicist Lectures in Jerusalem

Dr. Niels Bohr, winner of the Nobel Prize for his work in physics and called by many "father of the atomic bomb," is shown here lecturing at the Hebrew University on Saturday. His topic was "Observational Problems in Quantum Mechanics." Prof. Bohr came to Israel as the guest of the Weizmann Institute of Science.

Photo by Braun

Two Versions Of Hitler Film

BONN, Sunday (Reuter) — Three hundred members of the West German Parliament yesterday saw a private showing of the controversial Hitler film, "Until Five Past 12," containing previously unpublished shots of his private life with Eva Braun.

The film was to have been released to West German audiences in early October but was delayed after objections by the Voluntary Censorship Board of the West German Film Industry.

Various alterations were made tending to contrast the "idyllic scenes in Hitler's life with effects of his other policies."

Both versions were shown today and the final version will be released next week.

The film consists mainly of 16 shots taken by Eva Braun's sister at Hitler's retreat in the Bavarian Alps. German, French and Japanese news reels were used to show the official side of the Nazi regime's rise to power and its decline.

Chicago Abandons Car Safety Tests

CHICAGO, (U.P.) — Chicago has abandoned its automobile safety inspection programme.

The city council abolished the "safety lane" tests as an economy move calculated to save an estimated $600,000 to $750,000 a year.

An Alderman argued that only 4.6% of the city's traffic accidents have been traced to mechanical failures. Most cars involved in accidents, he said, passed the city safety inspections, which were required once a year.

Many Chicagoans had complained that personnel employed to conduct the tests accepted small bribes to pass unsafe cars.

U.S. MEDICS INSTRUCTED ON CANCER BY TV

NEW YORK, Sunday (UP). — Physicians in seven cities were instructed by colour television last week in the early detection of cancer. It was a live programme, with a number of cancer patients participating. The closed circuit embraced New York, Boston, Philadelphia and four other cities.

English Set to Beat Irish on Wednesday

By AKIVA KALMAN

England's forwards were in good form in League games on Saturday, auguring well for an English victory in the international game against Ireland on Wednesday. An English win will put them on top of the Home Countries table, and ensure their continued participation in the World Soccer Cup competition.

Nat Lofthouse, the English centre-forward, helped his side, Bolton Wanderers, to slam home a 6-1 top win against Portsmouth, by gaining a hat-trick himself. Matthews, although he did not score himself, was the spearhead in Blackpool's 3-2 win at Preston. Cruikshank and Mullen also put on good performances.

West Bromwich Albion was the only team among the leaders of the two top Divisions to win. They defeated bottom of the table Sunderland (10 points) and now lead with 28 points, in front of Wolverhampton Wanderers (26). The "Wolves" were held to a 3-3 draw by Middlesbrough, who, with 12 points, are third from bottom. Huddersfield Town went down to a revived Charlton Athletic at "The Den," but are still third, 28 points.

Burnley beat Sheffield United 2-1 for a home win and lie fourth, a point in front of Bolton. Newcastle United hit up the second biggest win of the card, 4-0 over Cardiff City. Recently acquired "£25,000" Ivor Broadis, inside forward star, netted twice. Tottenham Hotspur, in a home "derby," beat Chelsea, 2-1, to keep the "Pensioners" second from the bottom, with 11 points.

Hull Surprise Win

In the Second Division, Leicester City went down to a surprising 3-1 defeat at the hands of Hull City, languishing well in the bottom half of the table. This ended the Leicester's run of 14 games without defeat and gave Hull their first away win of the season. Leicester still heads the Division with 24 points. Nottingham Forest moved up to second place, a point behind the leaders, following a 4-2 win at home over Derby County. Along with them with the same number of points are Doncaster Rovers, who went down at Leeds to the United by 3-1. Although sharp-shooting Charles was in his usual dangerous form it was Nightingale, with a second half hat-trick, that gave the home side the victory. Up with the other two are Everton (also 23 points). The "Toffeemen" notched a fine 4-2 win at Stoke. Notts County moved up to third from bottom with a very creditable win at Rotherham by 1-0.

The leaders in both sections of the Third Division won. Ipswich Town continued their undefeated way in the Southern section, at drawing 1-1 at Shrewsbury, and lead with 32 points. Six points behind them are Southampton, who drew 1-1 with Brighton in a home date, the latter being in third spot (24 points). Also with the same number of points as the seasiders are Reading and Norwich, who fought out a duel at the latter's home pitch, which Reading won 3-2. In the Northern Division, Port Vale played their 15th game without defeat, drawing one-all with Accrington Stanley, on the latter's ground. They are eight points in front of Gateshead, who drew one-all at Mansfield.

RESULTS: ENGLISH LEAGUE: Div. I: Bolton W. 6, Portsm'th 1; Burnley 2, Sheff. U. 1; Charlton 2, Hunter'fd 1; Liverp'l 2, Man. C. 2; Man. U 2, Arsenal 2; Midd'sbro 3, Wolves 3; Newcastle 4, Cardiff 0; Preston N.E. 2, Blackp'l 3; Sheff. W 3, Aston V 1; Tottenham 2, Chelsea 1; West Brom 2, Sunderl'd 0. Div. II: Birm'gham 0, Blackb'n 0; Fulham 3, Oldham 1; Leeds 3, Doncaster 1; Leicester 1, Hull 3; Luton 1, Brentf'd 1; Notts. F. 4, Derby 2; Plym'th 3, Bris. R. 3; Roth'rham 0, Notts. C. 1; Stoke 2, Everton 4; Swansea 4, Lincoln 2; West Ham 5, Bury 0. Div. III(S): Ald'shot 1, Gillingham 3; Bris. C 2, N'hampton 1; Colch'ter 2, Watf'd 2; Cry. P 4, Torquay 1; Exeter 4, Millwall 1; Newp't 1, Layton 1; Norwich 2, Read'g 3; Ipswich 1, S'hampton 1, Brighton Q.P.R. 1, Southend 0; Shrewsb'y 1, 1; Swindon 1, Cov. C. 1; Walsall 1, Bournem'th 0. Div. II (N): Acc. S. 2, Port V. 2; Barrow 0, Work'gton 1; Brad. C. 1, Scunth'pe 3; Carlisle 5, Crewe 0, Chesterf'ld 3, York 2; Grimsby 0, Bradf'd 0; Halifax 1, Chester 1; Mansf'ld 1, Gateshd 1; Rochdale 1, Darl'gton 0; Stockp't 3, Barnsley 0; Tranmere 2, Southp't 0; Wrexham 2, Hartlep'ls 0.

SCOTTISH LEAGUE: Div. A: Aberd'n 1, Rangers 1; Celtic 2, Hibs. 2; Mans. Ac. 0, Qun o Sth 5; Hearts 1, Clyde 2; Partick 1, Dundee 0; Raith 0, Falkirk 3; St Mirren 1, Airdric 0; Stirl'g 3, E. Fife 2. Div. B: Albion 3, Morton 3; Arbr'th 3, St Johnstone 4; Ayr 3, Forfar 1; Dumb'rton 1, Motherwell 4; Dundee U 4, Quns Pk 0; Dunf'mline 2, Alloa 1; Stenh'semuir 2, Cowdenb'th 4; Th. Lanark 2, Kilmarnock 0. OTHER MATCH: Vickers-Armstrong (Weybridge) 1, South Africans 5. RUGBY UNION: New Zealand Tour: London Counties 0, All Blacks 11 pts. RUGBY LEAGUE: International: (at Bradford) England 7 pts., France 5.

All-Blacks Overcome Stiff Test

The touring New Zealand "All Blacks" Rugby Union side overcame the first real test of their tour so far by downing the international-studded London Counties side by 11 points to none at Twickenham on Saturday. This made the third consecutive win for the Kiwis so far.

The London side, which contained no less than 10 internationals, had the credit of beating both the South Africans and Australians in previous tours in the United Kingdom.

Jardine was prominent for the All Blacks. He opened the scoring with a penalty goal and then converted a Fitzgerald try to give the visitors a 5-0 halftime lead. The only score in the second period came when the heavier Kiwi pack in a scrum "pushed" a try, credited to Baxter. Jardine failed to convert.

Very bad weather conditions greeted the Rugby League international between England and Wales at Bradford. The English side adapted themselves better to the conditions and improved as the game progressed. They edged the Frenchmen by seven points to five.

ON THE AIR

JERUSALEM: 467 M.; HAIFA: 240 M.; TEL AVIV: 33.3, 41.9 & 422 M.

FIRST PROGRAMME

News: Hebrew: 7, a.m., 1.30, 4.15 & 11.00 p.m. Arabic Programme (including News): 9 a.m., 2.15 & 6.15 p.m. Turkish: 11.30 a.m.
6.30 a.m. Service. 6.35 Exercises. 6.45 Musical Clock (R). 7.15 Melodies (R). 8.25 Close Down.
12.00 N. "Music at Noon" (R). 12.00 Concert Hall: Overture "Husitska" (Dvorak); Flute Concerto in D major (Haydn); Symphony No. 1 (Schubert). 1.45 "The Voice of the Violin" (R). 2.00 Close Down.
4.00 p.m. Siesta (R). 4.30 Musical Miniatures (R). 5.00 Alexander shochen & Moshe Lustig: Sonata No. 6 for Violin and Piano (Beethoven). 5.30 Child's Corner. 6.00 Children's Hour. 7.00 Ballet: "The Sleeping Beauty" (Tchaikowsky). 7.45 Talk. 8.00 Tel Aviv's Municipality at Work. 8.24 Bible Reading. 8.45 "Answers to Citizen." 9.00 "Curtain UP." 9.45 Cantoral Request Programme (R). 10.15 Collegium Musicum: Kol Yisroel String Ensemble, Kol Zion Vocal Ensemble, Arieh Sachs and Max Lampel: Works by Pachbel, Di Rossi, Sartorius, Pretorius and Bach. 11.05 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME

440, 379, 216, 48.9 M.
English News: 1.45 p.m. 10.15 p.m. 4.00 p.m. Music (R). 4.50 Messages to Immigrants 5.00 Programme for Yemenites. 5.30 Literature Corner. 5.50 Ballet Music (R). 6.15 Close Down.
IMMIGRANTS' HOUR (33.3, 34.9 & 469 M.): French: 6.30 p.m. Ladino: 7.00 p.m. Yiddish: 7.30 p.m.
KOL ZION LAGOLA (33.3 M.): 11.15 News and Newsreel. 11.45 Operatic Arias: Jan Peerce.
ARMY PROGRAMME (44.6, 216, 235 & 239 M.): 6.30 Opening. 6.35 Piano Recital. 7.00 Requests. 7.30 Today's Events. 7.35 "The Soldier as a Civilian." 8.00 Evening Tunes. 8.30 News. 8.45 Concert. 10. Close Down.
B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (31.91 & 19.91 M.): 6.30-7.00 p.m. News: News Talk: Musical Interlude. Press Review.

Notices to the Public

MINISTRY OF FINANCE COMPULSORY LOAN, 1953

We hereby wish to draw the attention of all those eligible for payment of the Compulsory Loan (Property Tax) for Stock Reserves, that in accordance with Section 27 (a) (2) of the Law, they must remit the next payment during November 1953, (not later than Nov. 30), at the rate of 22½% of the sum total assessed on them.

All the above mentioned property owners who have not received notice as to this payment, must remit during the month of November a sum equivalent to one and a half times of the previous payment remitted by them or requested of them.

Dr. M. LANDAU,
Director of Compulsory Loan

VACANT POSTS PRIME MINISTER'S OFFICE
Notice No.35/Aleph.

Applications are invited for the following positions:—
1) Economist, Grades 6-7 — Central Bureau of Statistics.
2) Assistant Economists, Grades — Central Bureau of Statistics.
3) First class Statistician, Grade 7 — Central Bureau of Statistics.
4) Assistant Director, Employees Dept., Grade 7 — Civil Service Commission.

Candidates will be required to sit for an examination.

Last date for submission of applications: November 30, 1953. Interested candidates should apply to Civil Service Commission, Jerusalem, (Bet Ilfberstein, P.O.B. 29).

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

Where to go

JERUSALEM

★ **Archaeology:** — Permanent Exhibition. Dept. of Antiquities. 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. Daily 9—1, 4—6.
★ **Exhibitions:** — Works by Ze'ev Ben-Zvi; 28 Canadian Paintings; "Girl," by Chaim Soutine; "New Hellenistic and Roman glass vessels". Bezalel National Museum, 9-1, 2-5. Works and marionettes by Dr. Paul Lowy; paintings by Dan Hoffner, Artists House 10-1, 4-6.
★ **Tour:** — Hebrew University conducted tour, new administration building, King George Ave., opposite Terra Sancta. 10 a.m.
★ **Film Shows:** — Keren Hayesod. 11.30-12.30.

TEL AVIV

★ **Theatre:** — "Nasr-a-Din"; Chamber Theatre, Mograbi, 8 p.m. "Caution, Road Under Repair," Li-La-Lo, Yasha, Heifets Hall, 7.15 and 9.45 p.m.
★ **Exhibitions:** — Paintings and sculptures by the New Horizons group; Leonardo, the Artist and Man of Science; Museum, 10-1, 4-7.

HAIFA

★ **Archaeology:** — Jewish Antiquities, Hellenistic, Roman, Byzantine, Arabic Art. Municipal Museum, Town Hall 10-1, 4-6.
★ **Exhibition:** — "Art of China and Japan" (from the collection of Jacob Epstein, Jerusalem). Municipal Museum, Town Hall. 10-1, 4-6.
★ **Recorded music:** — L. P. Records. Beethoven's Symphonies No. 4 and 6 (Pastorale). Pevsner Hall, 5 p.m.

RAMAT GAN

★ **Theatre:** — Do-Re-Mi. "Countess Maritza," Operetta, Rama Hall, 8.30 p.m.

JERUSALEM CINEMAS

at 6.30 & 8.30 p.m.
ARNON: My Friend Irma Goes West.
EDEN: Queen Christina.
EDISON: The Lovers of Toledo.
HAZAMIR: Miracle in Milan. 2nd week.
OR-GIL: Long Dark Hall. (2nd week.)
ORION: Sadko.
ORNA: Schoolgirls.
STUDIO: The Blue Veil. (5th week.)
TEL-OR: Lightning Strikes Twice.
ZION: Desert Legion.

WANTED TO BUY
Large 2 room flat with Hall or to rent 3 room flat on Hadar Hacarmel.
Write: No. 28246, P.O.B. 86, Haifa.

REQUIRED
by Dutch family
2-3-room Flat
IN TEL AVIV,
for rental or purchase.
Offers: P.O.B. 279, Tel Aviv.

FOR SALE
Buick Car
1950 model, 8 cyl., in excellent condition. Offers in writing to:
C.S.A., 3 Rehov Ben Yehuda, JERUSALEM.

A FEW SHOW CASES
are still available in
our NEW HALLS
★
Please apply to:
ZION HOTEL
24 Rehov Ibn Sina, Tel. 4465.
Haifa.

FOR SALE
4-room flat with hall, central location Mt. Carmel. New building. Ready for occupation, easy terms.
TO LET
elegant 3-room flat with hall upper Hadar-Hacarmel. Ready for occupation. IL.5,500.-.
"SIGNON" L. Samoshi, 61 Rehov Herzl, Haifa. Tel. 4739.

Do you know people?
If so,
Supplement your Income with
SPARE-TIME WORK
No capital required.
Reply in writing, to:
Managing Director
P.O.Box 196, TEL AVIV.

THE DEPARTMENT OF INORGANIC AND ANALYTIC CHEMISTRY OF THE HEBREW UNIVERSITY
Announces a number of Vacancies for
Young Assistants (men or women)
with knowledge of Chemistry.
Candidates are asked to apply immediately to the Head of the Department, Professor M. Bobtelsky.

"SCRIP TO ISRAEL"
wish to announce that their HEAD OFFICE, HAS REMOVED TO
61 Rehov Rehlat Benyamin
Tel Aviv. Tel. 63149.

DUTCH FIRM offers for sale:
1. One Pratt & Withney Aircraft Engine
9 cyl., 500 H.P.
One Rolls Royce Griffon Aircraft engine, 12 cyl., 1,500 H.P.
both new and in excellent condition.
2. Six used Aircraft Engines
amongst others: Rolls Royce, Pratt & Withney.
For full particulars please write to No. 629, P.O.B. 86, Haifa.

LOA. HOUSE
TEL AVIV
Bank Leumi le-Israel Ltd. celebrates today its 50th jubilee in our premises.
Our regular guests are advised to note that our Restaurant, Cafe and Bar will be
CLOSED
to the public throughout the day and evening.
THE MANAGEMENT

The Dedication of
Neve Neaman
A HOUSING QUARTER NEAR YARKONA.
in memory of
MORRIS NEAMAN and his son HANINA,
of Pittsburgh,
will take place, tomorrow, Tuesday, November 10, 1953, at 3.30 p.m.
Friends and visitors from the U.S.A. are cordially invited.
Cars leave: Tel Aviv at 2.30 p.m. from K.K.L. Building, 11 Rehov Shenkin.
Jerusalem: at 1.30 p.m. from K.K.L. Head Office.

Today's Post Bag

THE WEATHER

	*A	B	C	D
Mt. Canaan	46	11	21	22
Tiberias	44	14	23	31
Haifa Port	60	18	25	27
Natanya	63	15	25	27
Hakirya	60	13	27	28
Tel Aviv Port	60	16	24	25
Lydda Airport	59	11	25	29
Jerusalem	48	12	21	21
Beersheba	53	10	23	30
Eilat	36	18	29	33

FORECAST: Fair, with rising temperatures.

*A) Humidity at 1 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maxim. yesterday D) Maximum temp. expected today

• • •

A NEW QUARTER near Tarkona on the old Haifa-Tel Aviv road will be named at a ceremony under the auspices of the Jewish National Fund, tomorrow at 3.30 p.m. The quarter, Neve Neaman, is named after Morris Neaman, an early Zionist leader in Pittsburgh, Pensylvania, and his son, Hanina.

• • •

THIRTY RESIDENTS of the Nazareth area were fined from IL.2 to IL.35 with alternative penalties of one week to one month imprisonment by the Summary Military Court yesterday for travelling without movement permits.

• • •

STUDIES at the Tel Aviv Municipal Ulpan for Hebrew will open on November 25 at Z.O.A. House.

• • •

THE Ha'GEN DAVID ADOM has decided to organize a corps of women volunteer ambulance drivers who will receive training in first aid. Women holding drivers' licences will be welcomed to the corps.

IL.73 Given To Buy Toys

In the first five days of *The Jerusalem Post*-Sa'ad Hanukka Toy Fund a total of IL.75,500 has been contributed. With 22 days of the drive still to go, children have begun to bring their parents to the various collection stations with playthings for children in frontier settlements and work camps.

Today's list of contributors includes:—

IL.10 — Miss S. Robb.
IL. 5 — Ilana Diana Woolfe, S. Avni, Avi Sitton, "Citizen," all of Haifa; Joseph S. Aghion, Tel Aviv.
IL. 3 — From Leila.
IL. 2 — Samuel Schoffman, Tel Aviv.
IL. 1 — Eytan Busnach, Tel Aviv.
IL. 0.500 — Yaron Zur, Jerusalem; Eliiu Kobler, Haifa.

3 Sentenced for Not Reporting to Army

Geula Mizrahi, 20, of Sha'arei Rahamim in Jerusalem, was yesterday sentenced to one month in prison by Jerusalem Magistrate Y. Avinal for failing to report for military service. She claimed that her parents objected to her serving on the grounds she is an only child.

Pultana Sasson, of the Talpiot ma'abara, was fined IL.20 with the alternative of 20 days in prison for the same offence.

Akiva Amarnian, 25, was fined IL.60 for failing to report for military duty. The Magistrate took into account the fact that Amarnian is no longer subject to active service.

Police Sergeant Y. Elhanan appeared for the prosecution.

Histadrut Opposes Bus Strike Threat

TEL AVIV, Sunday. — The Histadrut Central Committee adopted a resolution today opposing the threatened strike of the bus cooperatives as an unjustified attempt to force a settlement on the fares question and improper for an essential service.

It was also decided to invite representatives of Dan, which serves this area, to discuss the plan to form a public company to control the bus services. It was resolved to present a full report on the bus cooperatives to the full Histadrut Executive within a month.

RATION NEWS

HAIFA AND SAMARIA: Eggs: 2, Gimel 13; temp. 3; for invalids: 4, Het Aleph 3; 3, Het Bet 6; 5, Het Gimel 18; for expectant mothers: 16 eggs, 21, 22; eggs in place of meat: 3, Heh 30; temp. 28. Butter for invalids: 100 gr.; on Aleph and Bet cards: 150 gr., Mem Aleph 11 or Mem Bet 11. Poultry for invalids: 500 gr. on Het Bet 5 cards. Carp: 150 gr., Bet 21.

NORTHERN DISTRICT: Fillet: 150 gr., Gimel 1; for manual labourers: 400 gr., coupon 33 (August). Meat for invalids: 500 gr., Het Gimel 18.

Rabbi Maimon Lauded At Mosad Harav Kook Dedication

By JACK FRIEDMAN,
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Over two thousand persons, including the Prime Minister, attended the dedication of the Mosad Harav Kook in Jerusalem yesterday evening and paid tribute to the man who has been, in great measure, responsible for the Mosad's many achievements, Rabbi Yehuda Leib Maimon, its Director.

The overflow audience that filled the sides of the spacious, beautifully modern hall of the Mosad listened as the speakers, on the semi-circular stage, described its accomplishments and aims. The President, who was absent owing to mourning for his father, sent greetings to the assembly.

Rabbi Maimon revealed that in the 16 years of its existence, the Mosad had published 500 works of Jewish scholars in many different fields of learning. "Our goal is to conquer the spiritual desert," he said.

Cantor Maisels of the Yeshurun synagogue then recited the "Psalm of David upon the Dedication of the House."

Chief Rabbi I.H. Herzog compared the Mosad with the ladder that was seen by Jacob reaching from earth to the heavens. Although the Torah lifts man to spiritual heights, its roots are in such earthly foundations as the Mosad, he commented.

Mr. Ben Gurion then acknowledged his admiration for his former Cabinet colleague, Rabbi Maimon, "whose three great attributes, unsurpassed love of Israel, the Torah and his fellow man," could be traced to the timeless bond that Rabbi Maimon saw uniting Jewry through the generations.

A spontaneous burst of applause greeted the Prime Minister as he entered the Hall with Minister of Religious Affairs Moshe Shapiro, during the speech of Rabbi Wolf Gold. Mr. Ben Gurion and Rabbi Maimon warmly embraced each other on the platform.

The accomplishments of Israel in recent years could be attributed only to miracles, Mr. Ben Gurion said. "And Rabbi Maimon, with his deep love for Israel, is one of those miracles."

British Chief Rabbi Brodie described the Mosad as a bond "whereby we outside the land are joined with our brothers in Israel."

Mr. Berl Locker, Chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive, brought the Agency's greetings, and Mr. Yitzhak Raphael, member of the Executive, was chairman of the celebration.

Eldad Hadani Ms. Claimed in Poland

WARSAW, Sunday (INA). — The Jewish Historical Society here has announced that a Hebrew manuscript, claimed to be the oldest in Poland, has been found which experts say belonged to Eldad Hadani, famous Jewish traveller and merchant of the 9th century.

Hadani claimed that he was a citizen of an independent Jewish State in East Africa inhabited by the tribe of Dan. He visited Jewish communities in Eastern Europe, brought them greetings from the ten lost tribes and told them of the free life Jews led in other parts of the world.

Jewish historians, including Professor H. Graetz, endeavoured to discredit those accounts and some even doubted the existence of the Jewish traveller of that name.

The Jewish Institute in Poland is shortly to publish fuller details of this manuscript.

Shoe Firm Head To Meet Susayeff Today

Jerusalem Post Reporter

This morning the Deputy Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. Z. Susayeff is scheduled meet with Mr. J. Sugarman, Managing Director of the Jerusalem Shoe Corporation, it was officially learned last night.

The meeting will be the first contact between the Corporation and the Ministry since the Corporation's announcement last week that it intended to close down due to lack of raw materials.

At the meeting, Mr. Sugarman is expected to press for an assured *modus operandi*, to enable hte plant to produce both for export and the local market "without daily crises of supply."

To this end, Mr. Sugarman is expected to ask for an immediate emergency foreign currency allocation, which he said was promised several times, and has Treasury approval. This allocation will enable the plant to run for the next few weeks.

He has stressed that if a public committee is appointed, it must be non-partisan and not represent the interested parties.

Mr. Sugarman was confident that should an agreement be reached with the authorities, a large export market could be built up.

New Retirement Plan For J'lem Employees

Jerusalem's Municipal employees will be protected by a new pension by-law, granting them, upon retirement at the age of 65, 2% of their last monthly salary for each year of employment, until a maximum pension of 70% (35 years) is reached. The by-law, unanimously passed at last night's Council session, is modelled on Swiss practice, originally adopted in its present form by Haifa's Council.

At the beginning of the session, after a brief eulogy of Zvi Shimshi, the President's father, by the Mayor, Mr. A. Axelrod (Herut) proposed that the Mayor interview the Minister of Commerce and Industry in an attempt to prevent the Jerusalem Shoe Corporation from closing.

After a brief debate, it was decided that the Municipality turn to all parties concerned with a request to prevent the closing of the plant, which would seriously affect the economic situation of the city.

It was decided to hold an additional weekly session for the next few weeks in order to deal with the problems of education, building, and sanitation.

The Case of the Cow in the Taxi

TEL AVIV, Sunday (ITIM). —A band of cattle thieves was captured by the police here yesterday following the detention of a taxi driver who had joined in the theft of a cow and later reported to the police that his taxi had been stolen.

According to the police, a cow, owned by Mr. Z. Tichler of Jamusta, near here, was stolen on Friday night and taken in a taxi along the Herzlia road. A private car driver noticed the taxi with the cow in it and followed it, whereupon it accelerated and later abandoned the cow.

The man who had followed the car told the police about it. Later, a 21-year-old driver reported to the police that his taxi had been stolen. Upon investigation, the police discovered that he had participated in the theft himself together with two others who were detained later.

The police believe that these three suspects are responsible for a series of cattle thefts in order to supply black market meat operators.

Chain Optimistic On Local Drug Output

LYDDA AIRPORT, Sunday. — "I hope that antibiotic drugs will shortly be produced in this country since the raw materials and the right people are already here," Professor Ernst B. Chain told an ITIM reporter here today before he left by LAI for Rome.

Professor Chain, had been here for 12 days for the Weizmann memorial ceremonies.

Professor A. Katchalsky, Director of the Scientific Council of the Weizmann Institute, who saw the visitor off, said that the Government decided two years ago to found an antibiotics centre and that according to plans it will be built at Nes Ziona. Two young scientists will be sent to Rome to study at the International Institute of Chemical Microbiology, directed by Professor Chain.

The new drug, cortisone, will shortly be produced at the Icapharm pharmaceutical factory at Ramat Gan, Mr. B. Cohen, a director of the factory, told a *Jerusalem Post* reporter today. Mr. Cohen said that Icapharm will produce enough of the drug for local consumption and also for export. The cortisone will be produced in tablet form under Ministry of Health supervision and its price will be about a third of the present price of the imported drug, Mr. Cohen said.

Israel Loses To Yugoslavs 1 to 0

BELGRADE, Sunday (UP). — More than 25,000 spectators packed Skopljes Stadium today to see Yugoslavia defeat Israel 1 to 0 in the preliminary round for the world soccer championships.

The low score did not give a true picture of the game, which was completely dominated by the powerful Yugoslav eleven. It was rather a tribute to the Israelis' stonewall defence — the only part of the game in which they were able to best the Yugoslavs.

The Yugoslavs were so superior that during the first 45 minutes of the game their goalie had only four chances to touch the ball. Another indication of their dominance was the fact that there were 15 Yugoslav corner kicks to none for Israel.

The only Israel attack in the game came during the first six minutes of the second half, when they made three successive serious but vain threats toward the Yugoslav goal. Through the rest of the game they could do little more than keep a human wall across the entrance to the goal area in a successful effort to prevent more scoring.

Goalie Hodorov, who was kept busy from start to finish, was one of the most outstanding players on the field. The Israel defence line also drew much praise from the fans.

In the forward line the outstanding man was right outside A. Glazier, but the Yugoslavs quickly discovered that he was their only threat, put two men on to guard him, and stymied his every attempt to break loose.

The victory gives Yugoslavia a commanding lead in the Yugoslavia-Israel-Greece elimination group for the world cup. Yugoslavia now has four points, Greece two and Israel zero. Three return games in the Spring will almost undoubtedly send Yugoslavia into the world championships in Switzerland next year.

Tributes To Dead Of Two World Wars

HAIFA, Sunday. — Men and women of all communities stood in solemn silence this morning at the War Memorial Cemetery paying tribute to the memory of the dead of two world wars.

Members of the British Legion, wearing their service medals and distinctions, gathered at the Ford Garage from which they marched to the cemetery. The District Representative, members of the Consular Corps, the Municipality, senior officers of the Navy and Police and many members of the British Community in Haifa were present.

A Christian service was conducted by the Chaplain of St. Luke's, the Reverend John Ryecard and included the reading of the 23rd Psalm, a prayer for the fallen, and the Last Post.

Many wreaths were laid on the War Memorial by the Consular Corps and representatives of public authorities and private institutions. At 11 o'clock two minutes of silence was observed. British Legion members then saluted the Legion of the Dead with the words "We will not break faith with you." A hymn and benediction ended the service.

Navy Chaplain Rabbi Israel Heitner then conducted a service for the Jewish dead of both wars at the grave of a Jewish soldier who fell in the first war. Wreaths were laid by Israel and British organizations.

Service in Capital

A Remembrance Day Service was held in Jerusalem at St. Andrews Church. The British Consul, Mr. N. H. Walmsley, read the lesson and members of the British Consul-General's office from the Old City of Jerusalem were present. The service was conducted by the Reverend H. L. Minard.

A memorial service was held in the military cemetery in Ramle. Members of the diplomatic corps, representatives of the Israel Defence Forces, and Mrs. Vera Weizmann were among those who attended. Prayers were said by an Army chaplain and by a priest.

In Beersheba, the British Ambassador, the Australian Minister and the British military and air attaches attended a Remembrance Day service at the military cemetery. A wreath was laid on behalf of the Israel Defence Forces.

Queen Pays Tribute

LONDON, Sunday (Reuter). — Queen Elizabeth this morning paid tribute to the dead of the two world wars when she placed a wreath at the foot of the marble Cenotaph in Whitehall, the nation's shrine to the fallen.

Cables in Brief

MONUMENT. — Czechoslovak President Antonin Zapotocky unveiled a Stalin monument in Pilsen on Saturday, and warned his people against any attempt to jeopardise the country's way to socialism.

THANKSGIVING. — President Eisenhower yesterday proclaimed Nov. 26 as Thanksgiving Day and asked Americans to attend church on that day and thank God "for the manifold blessings he has bestowed upon us."

TRADE. — A new trade pact between Greece and Turkey signed in Ankara on Saturday provides for the free entry of Turkish exports into Greece. Turkey will be able to increase her export to Greece of livestock, fresh fish, eggs, agricultural produce and oil seeds.

Vansittart Opposes Accord With Egypt Nationalists

LONDON, Sunday (Reuter). — Lord Vansittart, former permanent Under-Secretary of State to the Foreign Office, today opposed any agreement with Egypt giving way to Egyptian nationalists.

In an article in the conservative Sunday "Chronicle," Lord Vansittart, former chief diplomatic adviser to the Government, said Britain, seeing the Soviet threat, could never have the "incompetent Egyptian nationalists to defend this artery of civilization alone."

But, he said, the Egyptian nationalists are "vastly overrating themselves if they remain adamant on this point."

Britain shoul show no tenderness for Arab nationalism which is largely against us, but "the Israelis have also grown too big for their shoes."

"The Jews and Arabs are fired by reciprocal and unquenchable hatreds. Nothing could sum up the position better," he added.

'Elders of Zion' Appear in Mexico

MEXICO CITY, Sunday (INA). — The Jewish Council Committee has protested to the Post Office Director against publication in the newspaper "Revista Mexicana" of the "Protocols of the Elders of Zion" and for its giving space to libellous anti-Semitic advertisements.

THE JERUSALEM POST
Home Delivery
has now been extended to
Shikun EL AL
in Bat Yam.
RESIDENTS MAY NOW ORDER SUBSCRIPTIONS THROUGH
VATIK BOOKSHOP
Reh. Yerushalaim, Bat Yam.

Two Brothers Die From Sewage Gases

The police autopsy on two brothers, Yoel and Haim Deskel, who died near Sdom on Friday, established that they had died of gas poisoning.

It appears that while they were driving their tanker truck full of sewage from Sdom to Beersheba, they were overwhelmed by poisonous gases. The elder brother, Yoel, aged 30, succumbed almost immediately. Haim, 25, tried to get out of the car but struck his head against the frame and fell dead a few metres away from the vehicle.

The brothers had left Rehovot for Sdom on Thursday and were discovered dead on the road by a passing car on Friday.

Yoel Deskel leaves a wife and two children, and Haim a wife and one child.

CEMENT BLOCKS KILL WORKER

NAHARIYA, Sunday. — Cement blocks falling from timber scaffolding caused the death of S. Leibowitz, 45, a building worker employed on a Solel Boneh construction job, here this morning.

He and eight other men were hit by the blocks which dropped when a board fell from a new building for the Isasbest works. It is suspected that the scaffolding was overloaded. A police investigation has been opened.

Leibowitz succumbed to his injuries at the hospital here soon after being admitted. Two others remained at the hospital in a serious condition. Six men were sent home after receiving first aid.

Man Crushed By Runaway Jeep

NAZARETH, Sunday.—Mahmud Rhazawi, 60, a villager of Arabeh, near here, was crushed to death this morning when an unattended Army jeep, parked on a slope, rolled downhill knocking him down. The driver has been detained by the Military Police.

To the Congo Through Lydda

LYDDA AIRPORT, Sunday (ITIM). — Sabena, the Belgian airline company, has asked the Government for permission to use this airport as a stop-over in its Brussels-Stanleyville, Belgian Congo, line, it was learned here today. Sabena had operated this line during 1949.

Seven Witnesses Speak for Berman

HAIFA, Sunday.—Seven defence witnesses testified in the District Court today on behalf of Hadera Mayor David Berman, charged with embezzling Council funds. All denied that there had been a lavish celebration after Berman's election as Mayor.

Mr. Yehoshua Toren, a Jewish National Fund work foreman, said that in April 1952, Mrs. Rahel Levin, Welfare Ministry representative in Hadera, told him about the forged signatures on payment orders. Berman had been shocked when the witness informed him of this report.

The Defence Counsel told the Court that a defence witness was being intimidated not to give evidence. The District Attorney promised to have the police act against the intimidators, if details were given him. The counsel wrote down a name and handed it to the prosecutor. The witness in question is to testify tomorrow.

Mr. Zeev Buerger, Deputy Collector of Customs in Haifa, testified that he had found the copy of a receipt for IL.23 customs duty which the accused had paid on his sister's behalf on her return from abroad. (The prosecution had charged that Berman had paid IL.100 customs duty with Local Council money and called him "a liar" when Berman asserted that he had paid only about IL.20).

Mr. Reuven Feller, of the Amidar company, said that at the end of 1952, rumours had become current that Mr. J. Shamir, Local Council Engineer, had not received money due him. When he met Mr. Shamir by accident in Tel Aviv, he had asked him outright about the truth of these rumours.

"I am a friend of Berman's and a member of his party, and I want to know what truth there is in these rumours," he had told Mr. Shamir. The latter's reported reply was "Don't believe the rumour-mongers."

(Shamir had asserted during the trial that he had received only IL.323, while a further IL.380 had not been paid to him.)

Emmy Livneh Laid to Rest

Hundreds of mourners, including Mr. Beri Locker and Mr. Zalman Shazar of the Jewish Agency Executive, senior officials of the Ministry for Social Welfare, social workers and representatives of the Jerusalem Labour Council, followed the coffin of Dr. Emmy Livneh (Loewenthal), a director of the Jewish Agency Absorption Department and head of the Agency's Social Services Branch Department, who was laid to rest yesterday afternoon at Giv'at Shaul cemetery in Jerusalem.

In the courtyard of the Jewish Agency, the deceased was eulogized by Mrs. Golda Myerson, Minister of Labour; Dr. G. Josephthal, on behalf of the Agency, and Mr. A. Zigler, on behalf of the Agency staff.

Dr. Emmy Livneh is survived by her husband, Dr. Ernst Livneh, of the Ministry of Justice, and a son, Michael, who is in the Army.

BURIAL OF Y.L. BARUCH

TEL AVIV, Sunday (ITIM). — Yitzhak Leib Baruch, writer and teacher, who died here last night, at the age of 80, was laid to rest today in the writers' section of Kiryat Shaul cemetery. A small group of writers and friends of the deceased attended the funeral and Mr. Natan Goren eulogised him in the name of the Writers' Guild.

Baruch was born in Lithuania and was educated in Switzerland. He settled in this country in 1926 and was an instructor of Hebrew literature and Bible in the Herzlia Secondary School in Tel Aviv.

He was the author of Hebrew anthologies and educational text books and translated a number of European and American classics into Hebrew.

Vote on Tel Aviv Budget Delayed

Jerusalem Post Bureau

TEL AVIV, Sunday.—A plea to remove politics from both the Council and the Municipality's executive were heard tonight at the Council meeting here from Progressive and Herut Councillors. The Council continued with its budgetary debate but no vote was taken as inter-party agreement had not yet been reached.

Mr. M. Goldstein (Progressive), making his maiden speech, held that the discrepancy between the city's needs and its income should be covered by the Government to the extent of 25% participation in the maintainance of services.

The Municipality should, at the same time, develop sources of income, perhaps set up a transport company, cater for tourism and establish industrial enterprises.

Mr. Goldstein announced that his Party favoured a broad coalition in city councils but that whenever that was impossible it would participate in a "small coalition." He thereby indicated that he would vote for the municipal budget if the General Zionists were supported by Herut or the Religious faction.

Dr. M. Ficheleff (Herut) claimed that the Executive seldom carried out the Council's resolutions. He was very critical of the conduct of city affairs, as was Mr. A. Kamini (Mapai), who complained of public services.

ATTACKS

(Continued from Page 1)

the watchmen and stole work tools.

10) On November 4, National Guardsmen penetrated the Armistice lines near Batir in the northern Negev and seized three Israel Beduin and the flock of 350 heads of cattle.

11) On November 8, armed Jordanians attacked the railway guard station north of Hadera, killed the railway signalman and stole the weapons of the guards.

12) On November 8, an Israel patrol encountered armed infiltrators who had penetrated into Israel in the neighbourhood of Beit Govrin. In the exchange of fire one of the infiltrators was killed and the rest were put to flight across the border.

The spokesman pointed out that the series of acts of aggression which in part have the character of distinct military sabotage, seriously undermine the border security situation.

Repairs — Changes of
Pressure Regulators
Reduction Valves
L. SILBERMAN, Eng.
81 Rehov Nahlat Benyamin, Tel Aviv.

CLERKS SIT-IN FOR GRADE PAY

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA, Sunday. — The 50 clerks of Even Ve Sid Stone and Lime Company will start a sit-in strike after work tonight, to back up their demand to be paid according to professional grading, and not family status, their representatives said here today. About 70% of the clerks of the Histadrut-owned firm work in the company's offices in the new Solel Boneh building in Haifa.

The Central Committee of the Clerks' Union decided in January 1952 to claim professional grade pay for the men. Negotiations have been long drawn out and the clerks' patience has now given out, the spokesman said.

As the Labour Council has not yet authorized a full strike, the clerks have decided with their union's support, to sit in after working hours. They threaten to stay in their offices all night, and every night, until their demands are met.

PIGS BEWARE!

NAZARETH, Sunday. — The Health Ministry has begun a campaign against pig raising inside the town's boundaries, which has recently become a menace and produced a wave of complaints. In the first district to be cleaned up, Health inspectors are prosecuting 250 persons. In one instance a woman was found to share her room with a pig.

Pig raising has become a source of considerable profit and while a kilogram of pork costs IL.4 here, it gets IL.6 and more in Haifa.

Slight Drop In Venereal Disease

Two hundred and forty-one new cases of venereal disease have been revealed in the last three months by the Ministry of Health. It is considered that the number of unreported cases would be about the same. During last year there were 1,100 reported cases of venereal disease.

Of the cases reported, 214 were of syphillis and the rest gonorrhea. Twenty-four instances of syphillis were reported among expectant mothers and 30 among men over 50.

In order to counter venereal diseases, which constitute a public menace, free examinations are given at all Government medical institutions and medical supplies are given without charge by the Ministry to doctors and medical institutions.

EXCAVATIONS AT BET MAZMIL

Mrs. Ruth Amiran of the Department of Antiquities has resumed excavations on the "tumulus" near Kiryat Yovel (Bet Mazmil), west of Jerusalem, on behalf of the Department and the Israel Exploration Society. It is intended to clear the entire tel. Another tumulus 50 metres away, is also being excavated. Some 25 people are engaged in this work.

Peron Entered In J.N.F. Golden Book

BUENOS AIRES, Sunday (UP). — "The Jews, because of persecution and injustice, could not have a country of their own, but loving one another, were able to achieve an invincible unity throughout the ages, becoming a wandering country, but a country, just the same," President Juan Peron said last night at the ceremony of the Israel Association of Argentina.

President Peron was presented with a scroll making him an honorary member of the Jewish National Fund and certifying to the fact that his name has been entered in the Golden Book.

The Minister of Israel, Dr. Arye Leon Kubovy, was present at the ceremonies.

Sr. Peron thanked the Association, "for this scroll from the Keren Kayemet LeIsrael which I have been undeservedly granted."

ARABS COMPLAIN OF MT. ZION SYANGOGUE

In a protest to the Palestine Conciliation Commission the Arab League charges that Israel has transformed the Nebi Daud Mosque on Mount Zion into a synagogue, NEABS reported yesterday.

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA
Symphony No. 9
BEETHOVEN
3 Special Concerts in Tel Aviv:
Tomorrow, "Obel Shem" Hall, at 8.30 p.m.
Thursday, Nov. 12.
Saturday, Nov. 14.
PETAH TIKVA
Wednesday, Nov. 11, "Heichal" Hall, at 8.30 p.m.
Subscription Concert No. 4
Conductor:
RAFAEL KUBELIK
Soloists:
Jessica Schacken — Soprano
Frances de Bossy — Alto
Chaim Flaschner — Tenor
Bezalel Shary — Baritone
with participation of the Chamber Choir, Tel Aviv, under the direction of Eytan Lustig.
Tickets at the IPO Office, 86 Allenby Rd., (11-3; 4-6).

I herewith take the pleasure of inviting my clients to visit my newly opened premises at
2nd floor, 9 Rehov Ben Yehuda, Tel Aviv.
The winter collection of my Parisian sister firm will be shown and will consist of the latest models of
LADIES' COATS
3/4 JACKETS
COSTUMES
made from local and foreign materials.
SCHNEIDER 9 Rehov Ben Yehuda, 2nd floor, Tel Aviv.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS
1. GLOBUS is the only STAINLESS STEEL ball-pen with the MAGIC INK that does not smear and does not transfer.
2. Distributors are hereby warned not to exhibit non-Globus pens on our Display Cards.
3. Customers are URGED to insist on GLOBUS. The name GLOBUS must appear on the Pen and on the Refill.
4. Only Refills bearing the name GLOBUS will be accepted for exchange.
GLOBUS

Personal Notices

Chaim Harris, Brooklyn, New York, U.S.A. — Chava Novick, Jerusalem

ENGAGED

Jerusalem, November 7, 1953.

We regret to announce the death of our beloved

Dr. Emmy Livneh-Loewenthal

(Nee Strauss)

The funeral took place on Sunday, November 8, 1953.
Please abstain from condolence visits.

We deeply regret to announce the untimely death of our true friend and selfless co-worker

Dr. EMMY LIVNEH (Loewenthal)

whose supreme devotion to duty was a source of inspiration to all who were privileged to share in her ceaseless efforts for the absorption of Immigrants.

May her bereaved family and her large circle of friends find consolation in the accomplishment of the great task to which she deceased gave her heart and soul.

The Jewish Agency for Palestine
Management and Staff of the
Department for the Absorption of Immigrants.

Hadassah Club For Overseas Visitors

HAIFA: FORTNIGHTLY "AT HOME"

Subject: Family Community Health (An Experiment at Beit Mazmil)
Speaker: Dr. J. Medalie of Beit Mazmil
Date: Tuesday, November 10, 1953
Time: 4 p.m.
Place: Hadassah Club, 17 Rehov Yerushalayim

Jerusalem: HADASSAH together with WIZO

Subject: "Family Community Health" (An Experiment at Beit Mazmil)
Speaker: Dr.S. Kark, Head of Institute of Family Health Durban, S. Africa
Date: Wednesday, November 11, 1953
Time: 4 p.m. sharp
Place: Mrs. M. Elisahar, 24 Ben Maimon Blvd., Rehavia.

All members and visitors in Israel are cordially invited.

THE JERUSALEM POST

Founded as The Palestine Post in 1932. Published daily, except on Saturday, in Jerusalem by The Palestine Post Limited. Registered at the G.P.O.

Founder and Editor
GERSHON AGRON

Editorial Office & Management:
JERUSALEM:
Bath Shalom Building, P.O.B. 81, Tel. 4323 (4 lines)

TEL AVIV Bureau:
29 Shlomzion Hamalka, P.O.B. 1128, Tel. 6251/3 (3 lines)
HAIFA Bureau:
5 Beth Khayat, P.O.B. 66, Tel. 4594 (3 lines)

SUBSCRIPTIONS:
Inland IL.36.750 Foreign IL.39 per year.

Monday, November 9, 1953
Kislev 5, 5714—Rabi-el-Awal 1, 1373

ROAD TO PEACE

THE road to peace in the Middle East is a long one — paved scorchingly with good intentions. The pace is so hot and the direction so unsure, that it is hard to distinguish between cart and horse and to be sure which comes first and which is pulling which.

At the present moment peace problems are being tinkered with at a variety of levels—the refugee problem in the General Assembly, the disordered state of the borders in the Security Council, the regional exploitation of water resources directly between President Eisenhower's special envoy and the Governments concerned. It is an uneasy patchwork, and only now and again does it seem to be realized that there is a common thread which has to be unravelled before any real headway can be made.

What cause, what is effect? Can peace be achieved through joint water projects — or is it illusory to hope that these projects can be touched before there is peace? Must acts of violence along the armistice lines cease before a mood for peace talks can be created — or does their cessation depend on the achievement of peace first? Will peace solve the problem of the refugees—or is it hopeless to think of peace as long as the problem is not solved? It is easy to say that first things must come first — but not so easy to say which are the first things. On this there can be—indeed, there are — more opinions than one. A very careful diagnosis is necessary before one can hope to decide on a cure; and even after the diagnosis has been made and agreed on, there may still be differences of view with regard to the treatment.

There is no indication whatever that all the many doctors who have been treating the Middle East are agreed either on the diagnosis or on the cure. The latest, to take an example, has been Mr. Eric Johnston, of whose skill and sincerity there can be no doubt. His mission has been based on the assumption that a joint water project is feasible, that it will lead to a rise in living standards, especially in Jordan, that it will make possible the resettlement and rehabilitation of tens of thousands of refugee families, and that consequently it may bring peace, or at least good neighbourly relations, a step nearer by removing a major source of friction and discontent. This sounds like a good programme, but it has been put forward in isolation, and there is little indication that its underlying premises have been fully thought out.

Israel has criticized the Jordan Valley scheme on various grounds, though it applauds the principle of cooperation in the rational use of the region's limited water supplies in the common interest of all. The scheme deliberately excludes the waters of the Litani, which now run to waste though they amount to almost 60% of the water volume that would become available if the J.V.A. project were fully carried out. The scheme divides the water in proportions which, to Israel's way of thinking, are unfair—unfair at least to Israel — and which would condemn what are today the most arid parts of Israel to perpetual aridity.

But the main burden of the criticism with which the J.V.A. scheme has been met lies in the political sphere. The whole project, as its authors make clear and as Mr. Johnston himself was apparently at pains to stress as one of its virtues, has been conceived as an engineering study that takes no account of frontiers or political conditions. Where is the cart here, and where the horse? President Eisenhower's good intentions are apparent and are appreciated, but where does the road lead along which he is trying to persuade us all to go?

If the Jordan is not to become a Styx, something more than good intentions is required. The political situation needs to be most carefully analyzed—otherwise partial remedies applied at random will do more harm than good. There are already indications that the Jordan Valley scheme has given the Arabs one more object to wax indignant about, for they fear it may prove of advantage to Israel as well as to themselves, and may force them into cooperation with the arch-enemy whose place is not by the banks of the Jordan, but in the sea. There is no sense in shutting one's eyes to political realities — or in looking for a technological rather than a political solution to the problem of Israel-Arab relations.

The Jordan Valley scheme well illustrates the difficulties that must arise from a piecemeal approach to this problem. The way in which the refugee and security problems have been handled serves as an illustration too, but must be reserved for separate discussion. Those who have an interest in the peace and stability of the Middle East must try to see the problem as a whole. There is some hope that the stakes may repay the effort. In any event, the effort must be made if the dollars which any scheme of reconstruction and pacification must cost are not to become ebols under the tongues of Arabs and Jews alike.

Sir Winston Churchill's War Memoirs (XIII)

De GAULLE's PACT with STALIN

IT was thought fitting that my first visit to Paris should be on Armistice Day, and this was publicly announced. There were many reports that collaborators would make attempts on my life and extreme precautions were taken.

On the afternoon of Nov. 10 I landed at Orly airfield, where de Gaulle (by this time recognized as head of a Provisional French Government) received me with a guard of honour, and we drove together through the outskirts of Paris and into the city itself until we reached the Quai d'Orsay, where my wife and Mary (the Prime Minister's youngest daughter, now Mrs. Soames) and I were entertained in state.

The building had long been occupied by the Germans, and I was assured I should sleep in the same bed and use the same bathroom as had Goering. Everything was mounted and serviced magnificently, and inside the palace it was difficult to believe that my last meeting there, described in a previous volume, with Reynaud's Government and Gen. Gamelin in May, 1940, was anything but a bad dream.

At eleven o'clock on the morning of Nov. 11 de Gaulle conducted me in an open car across the Seine and through the Place de la Concorde, with a splendid escort of Gardes Républicaines in full uniform with all their breastplates. They were several hundred strong and provided a brilliant spectacle, on which the sun shone brightly.

The whole of the famous avenue of the Champs Elysées was crowded with Parisians and lined with troops. Every window was filled with spectators and decorated with flags. We proceeded through wildly cheering multitudes to the Arc de Triomphe, where we both laid wreaths upon the tomb of the Unknown Warrior.

Paris Parade

After this ceremony was over, the general and I walked together, followed by a concourse of the leading figures of French public life, for half a mile down the highway I knew so well. We then took our places on a dais, and there was a splendid march past of French and British troops. Our Guards detachment was magnificent.

When this was over I laid a wreath beneath the statue of Clemenceau, who was much in my thoughts on this moving occasion. De Gaulle entertained me at a large luncheon at the Ministry of War, and made a most flattering speech about my war services. But many problems had still to be settled.

On the night of Nov. 12 after dinner at the Embassy I left with Gen. de Gaulle for Besancon. The General was anxious for me to see the attack on a considerable scale which was planned for the French Army under Gen. de Lattre de Tassigny.

I was struck by the awe and even apprehension with which half a dozen high Generals treated de Gaulle in spite of the fact that he had only one star on his uniform and they had lots.

On my return to London I sent the President a report. A copy was also passed to Stalin.

> ... I see statements being put out in the French Press and other quarters that all sorts of things were decided by us in Paris. You may be sure that our discussions about important things took place solely on an ad referendum basis to the three Great Powers, and of course especially to you, who have by far the largest forces in France.

Eden and I had a two hours' talk with de Gaulle and two or three of his people after luncheon on the 13th.

I sympathized with the French wish to take over more of the line to have the best share they can in the fighting or what is left of it—and there may be plenty—and not to have to go into Germany as a so-called conqueror who has not fought. I remarked that this was a sentimental point which ought nevertheless to receive consideration.

The important thing for France was to have an Army prepared for the task which it would actually have to discharge, namely, their obligation, first, to maintain a peaceful and orderly country behind the front of our armies, and, secondly, to assist in the holding down of parts of Germany later on.

On this second point the French pressed very strongly to have a share in the occupation of Germany, not merely as sub-participation under British or American command, but as a French command. I expressed my sympathy with this, knowing well that there will be a time not many years distant when the American armies will go home and when the British will have great difficulty in maintaining large forces overseas, so contrary to our mode of life and disproportionate to our resources.

I saw a Reuter message, emanating no doubt unofficially from Paris, that it was agreed France should be assigned certain areas — the Ruhr, the Rhineland etc.—for their troops to garrison. There is no truth in this, and it is obvious that nothing of this kind can be settled on such a subject except in agreement with you.

All I said to de Gaulle on this was that we had made a division of Germany into Russian, British and United States spheres; roughly, the Russians had the east, the British the north, and the Americans the south. I further said that speaking for His Majesty's Government, the less we had of it the better we should be pleased and that we should certainly favour the French taking over as large a part as their capacity allowed, but that all this must be settled at an inter-Allied table ...

> It is evident that there are a number of questions which press for decision at a level higher than that of the High Commissioners without which decisions no clear guidance can be given. Here is another reason why we should have a triple meeting if U.J. "Uncle Joe") will not come, or a quadruple meeting if he will. In the latter case the French would be in on some subjects and out on others.

> One must always realize that before five years are out a French army must be made to take on the main task of holding down Germany. The main question of discussion between Eden and Bidault was Syria, which was troublesome, lengthy, and inconclusive, but primarily our worry.

> I thought very well of Bidault. He looks like a younger Reynaud, especially in speech and smiling. He made a very favourable impression on all of us, and there is no doubt that he has a strong share in the power. Giraud was at the banquet, and apparently quite content. What a change in fortune since Casablanca!

> Generally I felt in the presence of an organized Government, broadly based and of rapidly growing strength, and I am certain that we should be most unwise to do anything to weaken it in the eyes of France at this difficult, critical time. I had a considerable feeling of stability in spite of Communist threats, and that we could safely take them (the French) more into our confidence. I hope you will not consider that I am putting on French clothes when I say this ...

I also exchanged warm messages with Gen. de Gaulle.

On Nov. 20 Stalin sent a friendly reply.

> ... I have nothing against your proposal about a possible meeting between us three and the French, provided the President also agrees with this, but it is necessary first to settle definitely about the time and place of the meeting between us three.

> Gen. de Gaulle expressed recently his wish to come to Moscow to establish contact with the leaders of the Soviet Government. We replied agreeing to this. The French are expected to arrive in Moscow towards the end of this month. The French have not yet specified the questions which they would wish to discuss. In any case, after our conversations with Gen. de Gaulle I will let you know about it.

Western Bloc

This raised the whole issue of the future organization of Europe. There had been many rumours in the Press and elsewhere about forming a Western bloc when the war was over. Such a plan seemed to be particularly popular in Foreign Office circles, although it would burden us with heavy military commitments. I felt that the Cabinet should be consulted very soon, particularly as Franco-Soviet talks were approaching.

In consultation with Mr. Eden I now sent the following reply to Stalin:

> ... I am glad de Gaulle is coming to see you, and I hope you will talk over the whole field together. There has been some talk in the Press about a Western bloc. I have not yet considered this. I trust first of all to our Treaty of Alliance and close collaboration with the United States to form the mainstays of a World Organization to ensure and compel peace upon the tortured world.
>
> It is only after and subordinate to any such world-structure that European arrangements for better comradeship should be set on foot, and in these matters we shall have no secrets from you, being well assured that you will keep us equally informed of what you feel and need ...

Gen. de Gaulle had meanwhile arrived in Moscow, and conversations with the Russians had begun. Stalin lost no time in informing me of the general points.

(He asked for British and American views on Gen. de Gaulle's suggestions of extending the French frontier to the Rhine—on which the "Big Three" decided to postpone any settlement till Germany collapsed—and on a Franco-Soviet Pact.

(The Prime Minister would have preferred a triple Anglo-Franco-Soviet Pact. The President thought that this, unlike bilateral agreements, would prejudice a future U.N.O. Gen. de Gaulle in any case desired only a Franco-Soviet Pact, and (this was concluded.)

It was now for the French to make a similar agreement with us, if they felt so inclined. I informed Stalin of this possibility in a jocular way.

Prime Minister to Marshal Stalin:

> 19 Dec. 44
>
> I saw last night for the second time the film which you have given me called "Kutuzov." Never have the Russian soldiers and the Russian nation been presented by this medium so gloriously to the British nation. Never have I seen the art of the camera better used.
>
> I like to think we were together in that deadly struggle, as in this Thirty Years War. I do not suppose you showed the film to de Gaulle, any more than I shall show him "Lady Hamilton" when he comes over here to make a similar treaty to that which you have made with him, and we have made together. Salutations.

On Dec. 25 he replied that he would "of course welcome the conclusion of an Anglo-French treaty." I felt that there was no hurry about this, and that we should await a move from the French.

(To be continued)

(Copyright reserved.)

General view of Affula, expanding "heart of the Emek." Photo By Muhlstock

Never Never in Affula

By YA'ACOV FRIEDLER

WHEN Jewish Affula was founded in the Jezreel Valley in March 1925, land hustlers here and abroad zealously sold plots that were "right next to where the opera house is going to be." They even produced plans to prove their point. Affula veterans, who bought such land, and if they could sell it at all, sold it at a loss, may be forgiven if they say that "Never, never will there be an opera house in Affula." Their only consolation is that there isn't an opera house in Tel Aviv either.

Opera or no, Affula has put "Never Never" to a good purpose—selling furniture on credit. The town, which, until 1948 had only 2,500 inhabitants, has since then absorbed some 9,000 immigrants who live in *ma'barot*, which are fast changing into *shikunim*. For the newcomers from Europe, furniture was an immediate necessity; and for the others it became one, when they saw their fellow immigrants saving their pennies to buy a bed and cupboard, table and chairs. Few could pay for their furniture cash down, and, thus the Credit System came into being in Affula in the half dozen shops which had sprung up like mushrooms when immigrants started pouring into the town.

Keen Competition

Competition is keen. When a newcomer comes to make a purchase, he has made a close study of the market and has ascertained how much his neighbour has paid. When the bed or cupboard is chosen, bargaining begins. Although, as a result of competition, profits are kept low, the customer pays little more because of the hire-purchase plan, because that is the accepted method in Affula.

Early one morning, a complete family will walk into the shop to buy furniture for the new home. First, the beds. Slowly, the price comes down, until the owner offers to buy beds from the customer "at such a price." Next, the wardrobe, which by midday is as cheap as the family expects it to be. Now for the ice box. "I tell you the ice box is like a postage stamp; the price marked on it is what I must take by law," is of little avail. The price must come down all the same, as the owner cannot afford to spend half a day only to see his customer go into the next shop. Now comes the table. "May you and your family hear as little bad news as I earn on this table," is slowly overcome as a few more pounds are knocked off. When finally the chairs, too, are put on the bill, the family suddenly discovers the astonishing fact that IL.420 (say) is a much easier debt to remember than IL.427. The owner's protest that he might as well close shop falls on deaf ears. The family reluctantly walks out, and the owner calls them back, and the bargain is struck. "I wouldn't do it for anyone but you," is answered with, "May the sale have been made in a good hour, and may you live healthily until you are 120 years old, to receive our payments every month." The first instalment is paid, the bills are signed, the furniture is loaded on a horse cart and is accompanied to the *shikun* by an assistant to put on the final polish and the glass.

Now the owner must hope for the best. If the head of the family keeps his job in a small local factory, on the land, road building with the PWD, or planting trees, he will probably pay his bills regularly on pay day. If he loses his job, there is nothing to do but wait. When there is unemployment in the town, the furniture shop owner's long face and unpaid bills reflect the situation as truly as any statistical tables. He trusts his customers, because trust is the only possible basis, where the name of the customer is like that of his neighbour, and taking a defaulter to Court is unheard of. Things will pick up again when there is more work in town.

Dawn Till Midnight

The bargaining is fascinating and shows that we are well on the way to becoming one nation. The newcomer from Morocco understands perfectly the Polish salesman's Yiddish accent and estimates his power of resistance and bargaining limit to a nicety.

The shop is in a long low house, the rear of which serves the owner as home. Packed tight with furniture, it is open from dawn until midnight, either at the front or the back, because it is bad policy to close the door on any would-be payer of a debt. And, if your own door is closed, your competitor's will be open. The shop is always filled with customers enquiring about prices, others bargaining; one paying his monthly bill, another explaining that he cannot pay until next week, and still others who merely lounge about. Meanwhile, an Oriental woman and her daughter enter to buy a kitchen table, (IL.10—no, IL.7,—make it IL.8,— *B'seder* — done; and the table is hoisted on the mother's head and off they go). And so it goes on, with the busiest time always before a holiday.

After four years of experience with newcomers, one Affula veteran furniture man estimates that the Yemenites are the most choosy buyers, insisting on the best, bargaining hard but paying promptly as the work situation permits. The husband has the sole right of choice, but allows his wife to bargain down the final pound or two and put her thumbprint on the bills. The furniture man is convinced that the Yemenite buyer would no more think of eating at his expensive and highly polished table, than of sleeping in the equally high-priced bed. These are "furniture", a sign of progress and prosperity, thrift and taste, not to be profaned by use.

Doctor's Lead

Often, the buyers can't make up their minds which style of chair or colour of upholstery to choose, and then they ask for "exactly the same kind that the doctor bought yesterday." If the doctor (who, in reality, is the veterinary surgeon) returns and changes his mind, he is suddenly granted an unexpected and retroactive reduction, as, if "the doctor" changes his mind, half a dozen other customers will demand to change their furniture.

The shop owner is proud that very few customers fail to honour their bills, and that delays are caused only by unemployment. While you are talking, a customer may come in, beg your pardon, and take out the table at which you are sitting. Another sale is made and more furniture passes out of the shop. The bills are signed and the first instalment is paid, and the owner is ready for the next round.

In this way, Affula's living standard is being raised — and all on the "Never Never" credit system.

Readers' Letters

CITRUS PICKING

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The official announcement that unemployed workers from the towns will be directed to work in the citrus-groves during the coming season is a most unfair decision. It is bound to cause deep resentment among unemployed workers in the citrus growing district, who depend on the picking season for their livelihood. The following facts seem to have been overlooked by the authorities:

1) Workers in town have far fewer workless days than those living in the country;

2) Unemployed workers from out of towns are never permitted to accept work in town in order not to deprive town-workers of their jobs;

3) The citrus-picking season is almost the only opportunity for the jobless in rural areas to find work for a few short months; even so only a small part of the unemployed in these areas can be absorbed in this limited field.

Any action to bring thousands of unemployed town-workers into the groves will considerably shorten the period of employment for rural people. No one likes unemployment, and the situation is very serious, but this system of 'robbing Peter to pay Paul' is not a solution.

Yours etc.,
MAX ZALCMAN
Herzlia, November 2.

AFFORESTATION

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — With reference to the report published in your paper on October 30, regarding the valuable work done by Government in afforestation, curbing soil erosion and preserving the town of Tiberias from winter floods, I noticed sometime ago, while visiting Tiberias, a noticeboard of "Tsevi Forest: P.I.C.A. property." On making inquiries, I was informed this forest was planted 16 years ago and covers four hundred dunams. Throughout all these years Tsevi Forest has been carefully tended by P.I.C.A. It is a landmark of great public utility.

P.I.C.A.'s interest in the all-important question of afforestation has also been shown by the prize which was awarded for research work on the eucalyptus tree only last week. It might also be mentioned that systematic afforestation was started in Israel many years ago by P.I.C.A.'s founder, the late Baron Edmond de Rothschild, who planted the famous forests of Hadera and Petah Tikva for purposes of marsh drainage.

Yours etc.,
R. MILIONI
Haifa, November 3.

COLONIAL TRUST

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — With reference to a letter which appeared in your issue of November 1, 1953, dealing with the transfer of the business of Otzar Hityashvuth Hayehudim — Jewish Colonial Trust Ltd.— to an Israel Company, I am instructed to observe:

1. That this matter does not concern the Bank Leumi Le-Israel;

2. That, if and when shares in an Israel Company will be offered in exchange for shares in the English Company, their number can obviously in no way influence the value of the Trust's assets, which will remain unchanged.

Yours, etc.,
S. DORON
Secretary
Otzar Hityashvuth Hayehudim
Jewish Colonial Trust Ltd.
Tel Aviv, Nov. 3.

ALBERT SCHWEITZER

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Under the heading "Names in the News" your issue of November 2 featured a photo and short biography of Albert Schweitzer, one of the great men of our epoch. I regret that the last sentence, "He visited Israel in 1961," does not correspond to the facts.

On the initiative of Swiss Jewish friends, and with my full knowledge and sympathy as Minister of Health at the time, Dr. Schweitzer was approached in the spring of 1953 and invited to visit Israel.

He declined, as he felt that the time God had given him in this life had to be dedicated completely to his work in Lambarene. This sacred duty, he said, would not permit him to fulfil a wish of his lifetime.

Yours etc.,
Dr. Y. BURG
Jerusalem, November 4.

KEEPING POSTED

THE Prague Government, which has a penchant for clapping people into prison, whether they be citizens of Czechoslovakia or not, is progressing nicely with its attempt to imprison the minds of its citizens, although its latest effort is probably not a bad thing in itself, and has very likely been copied from our Hebrew Column. With governmental blessings and the support of the Prague press the

"Youth Group of Street Car Conductors" are regularly posting large signs with two letters of the Russian alphabet in all their street-cars. "Slobodne Slovo," a Prague daily, reports that when the alphabet of 36 letters has been exhausted the trammies will start all over again with the first two letters and the necessary linguistic explanations. The old posters, they add virtuously, will be collected for scrap.

•

OF course the Czech trams have nothing on our buses which are plentifully supplied with little signs of educational value in Hebrew, English and Arabic, which exhort one to perform all sorts of little tasks designed to while away the ripours of travelling. Nevertheless there are no little signs around the driver, saying please do not speak to the passengers while the bus is in motion etc. Haifa bus drivers are lately becoming so incensed at taxis picking up passengers at their stops that another little sign may be added to the list of those missing— please do not honk outrageously just because there are no policemen around; the taxi will move off in a moment anyway. A friend of ours claims to be working on a new soundless horn he is hoping to submit to Eshed, the air-blast of which will move a taxi on at least six metres.

•

WHAT with half our staff sick and the printer's devils doing more than their usual share of bedevilling, we are a little hesitant about publishing comment on other people's slips, but here goes: A Whitehall department recently received back from 10 Downing Street a memorandum with a misspelt geographical name corrected in red ink by no less a hand than that of its Nobel Prize winning Prime Minister. An evidently experienced official commented: "Ramsay MacDonald would never have noticed; Baldwin would have noticed but would just have been bored; Chamberlain would have noticed, said nothing, but never forgotten the lapse; Attlee would have noticed but decided to say nothing out of kindness."

•

A WOMAN we know, having spent most of her life in this country, went abroad with some

apprehensions about everyday anti-semitism; but the polite and quiet English quite overwhelmed her. She writes that she was therefore all the more shocked when she was suddenly punched in the ribs by a woman in one of London's leading department stores, and accused of treading on the offended lady's feet. Dumbfounded, she was unable to reply, and the stranger, all the more upset at not producing any reaction, thereupon spat at her, shouting, "You must be one of those dirty Irish!"

•

OUR friend, her faith restored, brought back from London a large bundle of coronation issues of Britain's leading magazines, and was showing them to her little nieces when one pointed to a portrait of Elizabeth and asked who she was. Appalled at the child's lack of knowledge of worldly affairs, her aunt explained that it was the Queen. "Ah", said the child, comprehending, "the *Malcat Hayofi*"

•

AND while we are on the subject, here is a short poem we found at the bottom of our file:

I must say I like Sabra girls
There is something of the filly in them
They are like a swift dart
From a taut bow
A sultry and insular flower
(unpalsied)
I like them when they ride a thousand bicycles
Outside the Histadrut building in Petah Tikva
When they sing (in blue shorts) in trucks
Along Allenby Street
I like them in night clubs on Hayarkon Street
Or picking corn in a field
I like Sabra girls because they are unafraid
Or maybe, I just like girls...
Probably.

•

Contributions to this column will not be acknowledged unless used and IL.1 will be paid for each item incorporated. Today's contributors include: "Avigdor" and S. Barer, Tel Aviv, R. W. and N. Baroch of Jerusalem, and M. G. of Haifa.

TODAY

IS YOUR LAST OPPORTUNITY
to exchange your old ticket of the

MIF'AL HA'PAYIS

for a new one, bearing the same number in the Second LOTTERY of the 1953/7 Series.

World ORT Union

FOR THE ATTENTION OF QUALIFIED DRESSMAKERS

The World ORT Union will open at the beginning of December 1953.

Institute for Training of Sewing Instructors in Paris with Boarding School

Period of studies: One Year. Tuition and board supplied by ORT. Graduates will be employed as instructors. Three vacancies have been reserved for candidates from Israel. Candidates should be in possession of a diploma from a three-year professional school of sewing, and documents giving proof of at least five years of actual work in dressmaking.

Apply: ORT, Head Office, Levant Fair Grounds, Tel Aviv. Tel.: 28184.

NOTICE

We, THE TIBERIAS DEVELOPMENT CO. LTD., hereby give notice that we have made an application to the Municipal Council of Tiberias for a Retailer's "ON" License in respect of the premises known as the GALEI KINNERETH Hotel.

Lotte Eisenberg, *Manager*

מע"מ הכנסה

Recently, certain alleviations have been granted in Income Tax to the self-employed as well as to the hired workers.

Self-Employed:-

1) Income free of Tax has been increased from IL.325 to IL.420. For those earning IL.3,360 upwards, the income free of tax has been reduced according to grades, and reached IL.325, for income of IL.5,720.

2) Tax on any income whatsoever, will not be above 50% of the general income.

◆

A Branch Office of the Income Tax Dept. has been opened for the convenience of the public in the Dan District. (Ramat Gan, Bnei-Brak, Givatayim, Kiryat-Uno, etc., up to the borders of Petah Tikva) which so far has been under the jurisdiction of the Office in Rehov Lilienblum, Tel Aviv.

The address of the new Office is 71 Derech Jabotinsky, Ramat Gan: Tel. 7447.

Playgrounds for Border Settlements

ONLY 22 DAYS TO HANUKKA

* DOLLS — there are never enough for every little girl in our needy places.
* TOYS — all your kids can spare.
* CASH — Contributions.

5th ANNUAL HANUKKA

ילדים

TOY FUND

of the

THE JERUSALEM POST

ALL ACCEPTED IMMEDIATELY AT:

JERUSALEM:
The Jerusalem Post, Rehov Hahavatzelet
Mrs. M. Hoofien, Sa'ad Aid Association, P.O.B. 1320,
Zmanim, 5 Rehov Hahavatzelet
Palen Bookshop at the King David Hotel.
TEL AVIV:
The Jerusalem Post, at Manor Nahlat Benyamin
Sa'ad Aid Association, 10 Manor Ayagon.
Zmanim, 20 Rehov Gruzenberg.
Hahal Lazarkhan, Matityahu, 20 Reh. Ahuzat Zion (Nazeco).
Book and Gift Shop, 60 Rehov Ibn Gabirol, cor. Rehov Frishman.
Flower Shop, 13 Rehov Zeitlin.
Palen Bookshop, 39 Allenby Road.
Palen Bookshop, 64 Allenby Road.
Barth Sweet Shop, 15 Rehov Frishman.
Hadassah Club for Overseas Visitors, 99 Reh. Hayarkon
RAMAT GAN: Hahal Lanoar, 51 Rehov Bialik
ZAHALA:
Hadassah Baumann-van Vriesland, House No. 175.
BNEI BRAK: Farber & Freund, Rehov Ahiva.
HAIFA:
The Jerusalem Post, 1 Khayat Street
Zmanim, 3A Rehov Arlosoroff
Hadar Bookshop, 12 Rehov Herzl
Carmel Bazaar, Central Carmel
KIRYAT BIALIK: Dr. Fiegel.
KFAR ATA: Mrs. Rhea Wolff.
NAHARIYA: Simon Steinberg.
and at PALEN BOOKSHOPS at Beersheba, Lydda, Sarafand, Ramla, Petah Tikva, Natanya, Nahariya, Afula and Safed.

in cooperation with "ZMANIM," the Jerusalem Hebrew Daily